





North Ayrshire Council

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1 Introduction

What is a Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy?

The North Ayrshire Council (NAC) Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy (LTATS) sets out how we intend to contribute to national transportation objectives and specifies actions which will achieve objectives that are distinctive to North Ayrshire.

The North Ayrshire Council LTATS includes a detailed vision for improving transport and travel in North Ayrshire. It also outlines our strategic priorities and objectives and explains how we will achieve this in a Delivery Plan.

This Strategy replaces the Local Transport Strategy 2015-20, which included supporting economic growth and seeking to ensure communities were connected. Whilst both economic growth and connected communities are still relevant, the development of a new strategy also provides us with an opportunity to move towards a low carbon, less polluting transport network.

Recognising the focus given to active travel nationally, this new strategy highlights the importance of active travel with a specific chapter for the Active Travel Strategy.

This strategy has been developed through evidence gathering, consideration of the wider policy and strategy

context, consultation with stakeholders and feedback from the members of the public.

Why Do We Need a Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy?

Enhancing the transport network is a key driver for: improving the local economy, improving the environment, increasing social inclusion, and delivering health benefits for all residents and visitors of North Ayrshire.

Transport has the potential to affect everyone in North Ayrshire, for example, to access employment, education, healthcare, social and leisure activities. An effective transport system facilitates and supports long term, sustainable, economic growth, and regeneration in North Ayrshire. It contributes to addressing climate change and reducing inequalities.

This LTATS provides a framework for investment and decision-making in transport up to 2028. It outlines the priorities for improving transport in North Ayrshire which can support investment in areas which have the potential to offer benefits to residents and businesses.

It is recognised that, while the Delivery Plan is not currently fully funded, it provides the basis to seek funding opportunities through partners for the projects that have been identified.

Delivering the Strategy

North Ayrshire Council alone are unable to progress all the actions and instead we wish to work in partnership with other organisations and operators who are responsible for transport services. North Ayrshire Council already works with many organisations to deliver and improve transport services in North Ayrshire. The roles and responsibilities of the principal organisations responsible for transport infrastructure and services in North Ayrshire are provided in subsequent pages.

The Delivery Plan is at the heart of the strategy and sets out actions to help work towards a transport system that meets the needs of North Ayrshire. While some of the actions included in the Delivery Plan are not the responsibility of NAC e.g., the provision of public transport and ferries, feedback from stakeholders and members of the public has identified that they would like improvements to these transport modes. Therefore, the LTATS aims to address this feedback by influencing and collaborating with partners.

COVID-19

It is acknowledged that transport provision and travel patterns have changed due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic has created uncertainties in transport needs with fewer people travelling initially due to Government restrictions in movement and the ongoing reduced availability of transport services. More people are working from home and fewer

people are commuting and travelling at the traditional peak times (in the morning and early evening).

People were discouraged from using public transport to reduce the spread of the virus and public transport services were reduced. While public transport service provision has started to increase in some areas, other services have been removed or continue to be reduced in parts of North Ayrshire. This has presented challenges for people in accessing services and maintaining access to social activities to support their wellbeing.

While there remain uncertainties about travel patterns in the future, it is important that action is taken to minimise any increase in car use due to reduced availability of transport services to support the Council's ambitions.

LTATS Process and Timeline

The strategy has been influenced by local, regional, and national strategy, views, and opinions. It has been produced following a comprehensive process where local issues and opportunities were identified at an early stage to inform a detailed action plan to be put in place that will aim to provide positive solutions for all.

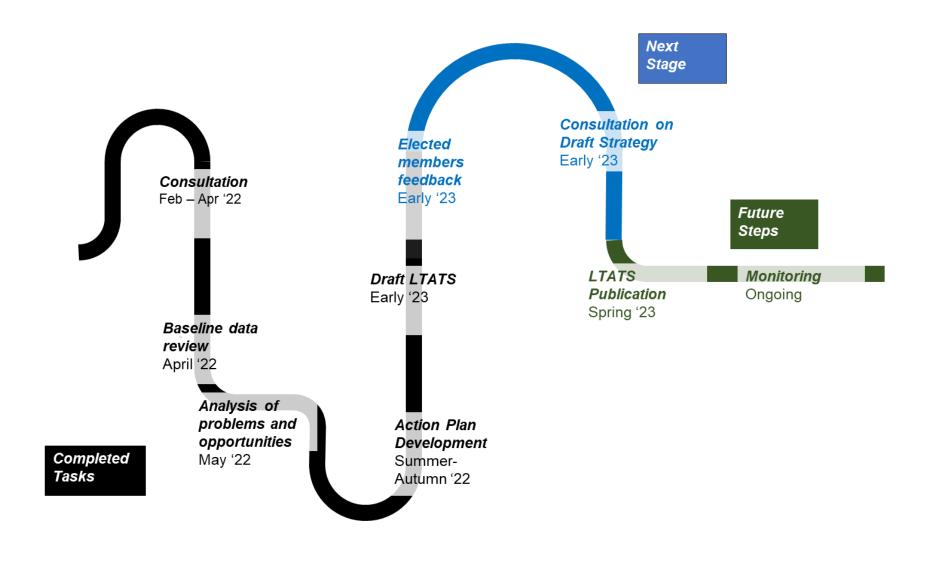
The strategy has been informed by:

- A comprehensive review of the transport and active travel network
- A review of travel patterns

- An extensive consultation exercise between February and April 2022.
- Stakeholder Workshops
- A dedicated website for providing comments.
- A further consultation on the draft strategy between 24
 February and 23 April 2023

The development of the LTATS has followed the principles and initial key stages of the Scottish Transport Appraisal Guidance (STAG). STAG provides a framework to assess evidence-based transport problems and opportunities. This process, and the key stages of STAG that have been followed, are set out in the LTATS Process diagram below.

LTATS Strategy Development Process



Roles and Responsibilities

The LTATS recognises that the Council is unable to progress all of the required actions in isolation. The Council is committed to working in partnership with other organisations and operators who are responsible for delivering transport infrastructure and services. The roles and responsibilities of the principal organisations responsible for transport infrastructure and services in North Ayrshire are shown in Table 1-1. This is a summary of the main organisations however the Council works with many more to deliver and improve transport services in North Ayrshire.

While some of the actions included in the Delivery Plan are not the direct responsibility of NAC, e.g. the provision of public transport and ferries, feedback from stakeholders and the public has identified the importance of improvements to these transport modes. The LTATS therefore aims to address this by committing to influencing and collaborating with the responsible partner organisations.

Table 1-1 Selected Transport Roles and Responsibilities

Organisation	Roles / Responsibilities
North Ayrshire Council North Ayrshire Council Comhairle Siorrachd Àir a Tuath	 Local Transport & Active Travel Strategy Maintenance of local roads and active travel routes Design and implementation of new active travel routes, local roads and bridges Street lighting Local road safety Parking management Travel behaviour change projects
Scottish Government / Transport Scotland The Scottish Government TRANSPORT SCOTLAND	 Rail projects Management of ScotRail services National Transport Strategy Trunk road network Major trunk road and bridge projects National Concessionary Scheme

	 Aviation, freight, bus and taxi policy Ferries, ports and harbours Blue badge scheme
SPT	 Regional Transport Strategy Monitor commercial bus services Procure subsidised bus services Operate MyBus demand responsive bus services Manage bus stops and shelters Administer the Zonecard ticket Manage Strathclyde concessionary travel scheme
CalMac	Management and operation of ferry services in North Ayrshire
CMAL CMAL CMAL Container Aust 18 Jons Man Calebrard it id	Owns the ferries, ports and harbours for services operated by CalMac
Bus Operators M:Gill's Stagecoach SHUTTLE BUSES	Delivery of commercial and subsidised bus services
Network Rail	Own and manage rail infrastructure
ScotRail ScotRail ScotLand's Railway	Management and operation of rail services

2 Policy and Strategy Context

The LTATS has been developed to align with and support key national, regional and local policies and strategies. While this policy and strategy summary is not exhaustive, it illustrates the key influences on transport in North Ayrshire.

National

Scotland's National Transport Strategy 2 (NTS2), 2020¹ sets out an ambitious vision for the transport system and outlines four priorities: reducing inequalities, taking climate action, helping to deliver inclusive economic growth, and improving health and wellbeing.

The Sustainable Travel Hierarchy is embedded in NTS2 and in decision-making by promoting walking, wheeling, cycling, public transport and shared transport options in preference to single occupancy private car use for the movement of people. Efficient and sustainable freight transport is also promoted for the movement of goods. This LTATS adopts the sustainable travel hierarchy in line with national transport policy.

The Strategic Transport Projects Review 2 (STPR2)² is a Scotland-wide review of the strategic transport network across all transport modes, as well as reviewing wider island and rural connectivity, which includes ferries and air travel.

STPR2 makes 45 draft recommendations that focus investment on sustainable transport options. Many of these will benefit communities and businesses across Scotland and some will have particular benefit to the Ayrshire and Arran area. The **Update to the Climate Change Plan**³ sets out the Scottish Government's approach to delivering a green recovery, with a focus on the period up to 2032. The transport related components of the plan build upon NTS2, with a specific commitment to reduce car kilometres by 20% by 2030.

Subsequently, an evidence report, and a national discussion on a route map has also been published. The route map acknowledges that the percentage reduction target is for an overall national reduction, and it does not expect car use in rural and island community areas to necessarily reduce at the same rate as in towns and cities.

The Scottish Government have adopted a new spatial strategy for Scotland that looks ahead to 2045. **National Planning Framework (NPF4)**⁴ sets out Scottish Ministers' policies and proposals for the development and use of land and plays a key role in supporting the delivery of Scotland's national outcomes and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. In recognising that better places will be an important part of achieving net zero in a way which also tackles longstanding challenges and inequalities, NPF4

¹ National Transport Strategy

² STPR2 Website

³ Update to the Climate Change Plan

⁴ National Planning Framework 4

North Ayrshire Council Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy supports collaborative working to improve people's lives by supporting the planning and delivery of:

- Sustainable places, where emissions are reduced and biodiversity is restored and better connected
- Liveable places, where we can live better, healthier lives; and
- Productive places with a greener, fairer and more inclusive wellbeing economy.

Local liveability, including through 20-minute neighbourhoods, and improving community health and wellbeing by ensuring people can easily access services, greenspace, leaning, work and leisure locally is an overarching spatial principle underpinning how future places are to be planned in accordance with NPF4.

NPF4 policy seeks to encourage, promote and facilitate developments that prioritise walking, wheeling, cycling and public transport for everyday travel and reduce the need to travel unsustainably through investment in transport infrastructure that supports connectivity and reflects place-based approaches and local living; more, better, safer and more inclusive active and sustainable travel opportunities and developments in locations which support sustainable travel.

Regional

Strathclyde Partnership for Transport's (SPT) draft **Regional Transport Strategy (RTS)*** is currently being finalised. The draft vision for the new RTS is that:

'The west of Scotland will be a well-connected, attractive and low carbon place with active, liveable communities and accessible, vibrant centres facilitated by a high quality, sustainable and resilient transport system shaped by the needs of all.

The vision is underpinned by three priorities:

- A healthier environment, supported by a transport system that helps our region become a low carbon place with healthier natural and built environments for the benefit of all.
- Inclusive economic growth, underpinned by a transport system that supports regional economic development and growth, with better opportunities and fairer outcomes for all.
- Improved quality of life, supported by a transport system that helps everyone to have better health and wellbeing and lead active, fulfilling lives.

This LTATS considers the actions in the RTS that are relevant to North Ayrshire, and these are included in the Delivery Plan. Partnership working with SPT will be essential for the delivery of several of the actions.

* At the time of development of this draft LTATS the RTS was still in draft format. Updated information will be included prior to the finalisation of this strategy.

The **Ayrshire Growth Deal**⁵ is a partnership driven forward by the Scottish Government, the UK Government and East, North and South Ayrshire Councils. It has a vision for Ayrshire to be 'a vibrant, outward looking, confident region, attractive to investors and visitors, making a major contribution to Scotland's growth and local well-being, and leading the implementation of digital technologies and the next generation of manufacturing.'

The Deal has secured funding to help realise Ayrshire's potential as a world-class business region for the aerospace and space, energy, tourism, manufacturing and engineering industries, and reaffirms the commitment to the region and the collective desire to support ambitious plans for renewal and long-term sustainable growth. The provision of appropriate transport infrastructure is important to the delivery of the vision.

A **Regional Economic** Strategy is currently being prepared. Any transportation actions resulting from this will be included in the final version of the LTATS.

The Ayrshire Freight Strategy (2016) was developed by SPT, North Ayrshire Council and the Ayrshire Roads Alliance. This provides a strategic road network and freight access strategy to key freight locations along with an associated signing strategy. The strategy also sought to identify

opportunities to provide HGV parking and examine options for transport hubs for freight transfer or local distribution.

Local

The LTATS will interact with many other Council strategies.

The Council Plan 2019-2024 titled 'North Ayrshire: A Council that is Fair for All' describes our vision, mission and priorities for the years ahead. It sets out our new strategic approach which is focused on making North Ayrshire a fairer and more equal society. Sitting alongside the plan is

- The Performance Management Framework which will let us know if we are successfully implementing the plan
- The Transformation Plan which will guide us as we reshape and improve our services for the future
- Plan on a Page a one page summary of our new vision, mission and priorities

The Local Outcomes Improvement Plan (LOIP) 2022-2030⁶ sets out what the Council wants to achieve with our Community Planning partner organisations and influences how all partners operate locally. A number of Active Travel and Transport actions will help deliver the LOIP vision of 'North Ayrshire – Fair for All'. It has three key themes:

⁵ About The Deal | Ayrshire Growth Deal

⁶ Local Outcomes Improvement Plan – North Ayrshire Community Planning Partnership

- Wellbeing We will address health inequalities. We will promote children and young people's wellbeing. We will enable community wellbeing.
- Work We will increase employment. We will develop volunteering. We will better support our young people.
- World We will work together to reduce carbon emissions and mitigate the impacts of climate change. We will increase active travel. We will increase carbon literacy within our organisations and communities.

The **Local Development Plan 2** (2019)⁷ has an essential link with the LTATS in terms of land use and transport integration. Well planned developments, with associated well-planned and designed sustainable transport provision will support the vision and strategic priorities of the LTATS.

The third Environmental Sustainability and Climate Change Strategy (2021-2023)⁸ builds on the carbon reduction success of its predecessors and establishes a new target 'to reduce and remove emissions for North Ayrshire to achieve net-zero carbon status by 2030'.

Addressing transport and travel is an important workstream in this plan. The strategy recognises that many initiatives are already underway to support carbon reduction from transport through the implementation of the Council's **Electric Vehicle** **Strategy (2021-2025)**⁹, which aims to increase the number of Electric Vehicles (EVs) used in North Ayrshire, and also by implementing numerous active travel projects.

10-year local **Island Plans**¹⁰ have been developed with and for North Ayrshire's island communities. These aim to drive the development of community economic and environmental wellbeing of Arran and Cumbrae. Public transport and infrastructure and transport reliability are key thematic priorities for the Plans with a range of transport related actions identified to support their delivery.

Figure 2-1 presents a summary of some of the most important national, regional and local strategy documents which are relevant to the new LTATS.

⁷ LDP2 (north-ayrshire.gov.uk)

<u>8 Environmental Sustainability & Climate Change Strategy (northayrshire.gov.uk)</u>

⁹ Electric Vehicle Strategy (north-ayrshire.gov.uk)

¹⁰ Island Plans Website

National
NTS2
NPF4
STPR2
Update to the Climate Change Plan





Regional

Regional Transport Strategy Ayrshire Growth Deal Regional Economic Strategy Ayrshire Freight Strategy





Local

North Ayrshire Council Plan 2019-2024 North Ayrshire Local Outcomes Improvement Plan North Ayrshire LDP2

Environmental Sustainability and Climate Change Strategy 2021-2023 North Ayrshire Council Electric Vehicle Strategy 2021-2025

Arran and Cumbrae Island Plans

North Ayrshire Economic Development and Regeneration Strategy Refresh 2016-25

North Ayrshire Regeneration Delivery Plan 2021-26

North Ayrshire Economic Recovery and Renewal Approach

Green New Deal (GND) for North Ayrshire

North Ayrshire Inclusive Growth Report



Figure 2-1 Summary of Key Policies

3 Background Information

This chapter summarises key relevant demographic and transport statistics for North Ayrshire. These statistics provide context for the new strategy, highlighting some of the high-level issues and opportunities in the area and emphasising the differing needs of people within different parts of North Ayrshire.

North Ayrshire Overview



Total population of 134,000



Population predicted to fall by 3.1% between 2018 and 2028



8% of the population live in rural areas, 4% in remote areas



Proportion of residents over 65 set to increase significantly

The projected increase in the older population and presence of rural communities will result in an increasing need to enable transport access to key services such as healthcare as well as to employment.

Deprivation and Employment



Deprivation, as measured by the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation, varies significantly across North Ayrshire, with the most deprived areas in Ardrossan, Saltcoats, Stevenston and Irvine



Health and Employment deprivation is particularly high in North Ayrshire compared with Scotland as a whole



At 66.4%, the employment rate in North Ayrshire is the lowest among local authorities in Scotland

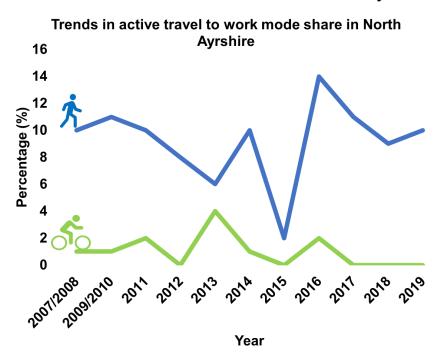
North Ayrshire has a total of 186 datazones in the SIMD data, of which 52 (28%) were in the 15% most deprived in Scotland in 2020, representing an increase compared with the 2016 data. The majority of these are in the Irvine and Three Towns areas. Since 2004 (the start of SIMD data), the number of North Ayrshire datazones in the 15% most deprived in Scotland has increased by 58%, from 33 to 52.

There are also datazones in North Ayrshire which score among the least deprived in Scotland, mainly located in the North Coast. This variation in deprivation in North Ayrshire North Ayrshire Council Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy means that the new strategy must cater for the varying needs and priorities of different areas.

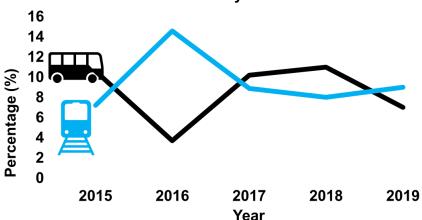
The low employment rate presents a challenge to better connect people to jobs throughout North Ayrshire.

In 2017 the North Ayrshire Inclusive Growth Diagnostic report, a joint piece of work between the Office of the Chief Economic Advisor at the Scottish Government and North Ayrshire Council, was published aiming to assess what is holding back long-term sustainable inclusivity and growth in the area. The paper found that transport issues create real barriers to inclusive growth, with travel costs, frequency and connections between modes limiting the potential opportunities for people to access jobs.

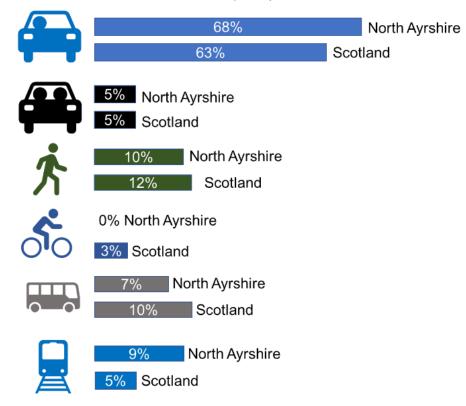
Travel - Statistics from the Scottish Travel Diary 2019



Trends in bus and rail travel to work mode share in North Ayrshire

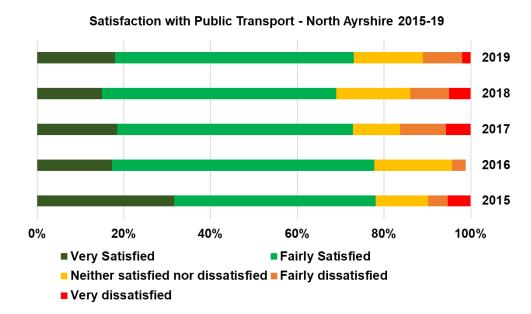


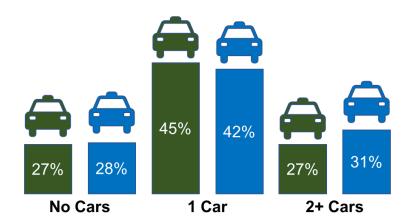
Usual Mode of Travel to Work (2019)



Key Points:

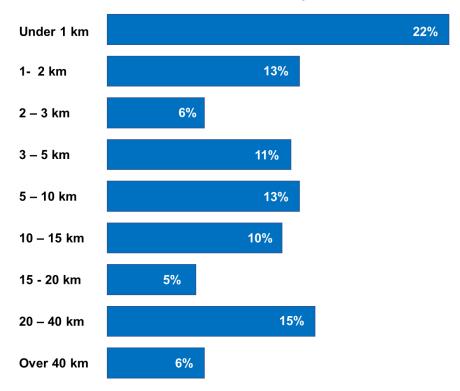
- Travel to work by car is more popular in North Ayrshire than Scotland as a whole
- Bus use is generally on a downward trend in North Ayrshire
- Rail use is generally on an upward trend in North Ayrshire
- Walking and cycling did not see consistent or sustained growth from 2015-19
- The above present challenges and opportunities for the new strategy





Car Ownership in North Ayrshire and Scotland

Distance Travelled to Work in North Ayrshire



Key Points:

- Satisfaction with public transport services generally decreased from 2015-19
- Overall car ownership is generally in line with national averages
- More than half (52%) of North Ayrshire residents travel less than 5km to work – this presents an opportunity for these journeys to be made by active and sustainable modes

4 Consultation and Vision, Strategic Priorities and Objectives

Consultation

Overview

An extensive consultation exercise was undertaken between February and April 2022 to gather feedback on the key issues and suggestions relating to transport in North Ayrshire that the new LTATS should seek to address. Given the recent pandemic, multiple methods were used to gauge as wide an opinion as possible on transport in North Ayrshire. This feedback has shaped the vision, strategic priorities and objectives for the strategy.

Stakeholder Engagement

Stakeholder engagement was undertaken during 2022 via a series of online facilitated workshops. This included the following:

- Elected Members Workshop
- Accessibility Workshop
- Stakeholder Workshops

Stakeholders were also able to respond to an online survey that was hosted on a dedicated website.

Online Consultation

An online survey was promoted through North Ayrshire Council's website and social media pages. This was aimed at gathering feedback from members of the public on their current travel behaviour and attitudes, views on active travel, and the issues and opportunities that should be considered within the new strategy.

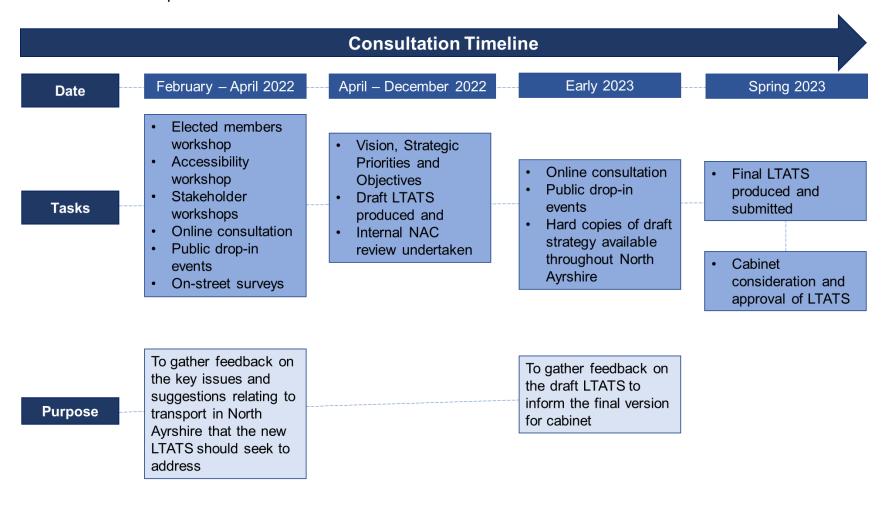
Public Events

Public drop-in events were held in seven locations across each locality area in North Ayrshire: Irvine, Beith, Largs, Kilwinning, Saltcoats, Brodick and Millport. The events gathered qualitative feedback from the public on their views on issues and opportunities to improve active travel and local transport in North Ayrshire, as well as promoting the online survey. Information on the current strategy, along with local maps of the transport and active travel networks were shown at the events for people to comment on and feedback was collected at the events.

Street Surveys

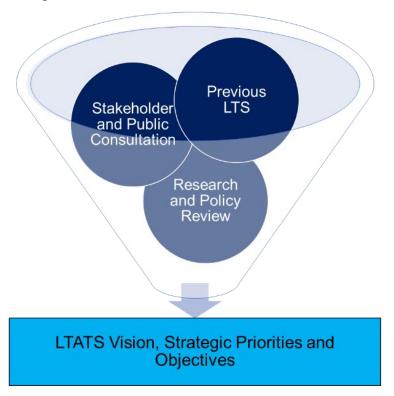
On street surveys were also carried out in the same towns as the drop-in events. These aimed to gather both quantitative and qualitative feedback from the public on their current travel behaviour and attitudes, views on active travel, and any issues and opportunities with the current active travel and local transport network.

The full consultation process is shown below.



Developing the Vision, Strategic Priorities and Objectives

Our vision, strategic priorities and objectives build on the previous strategy and reflect the views expressed during the stakeholder and community consultation. These have been informed by workshops with stakeholders, feedback from the public and a background review of other relevant policies and strategies.



These outline what we want to achieve while having regard to the vision and priorities of related national and regional strategies. They reflect the impact of transport on the environment and the need to reduce carbon emissions from transport, in support of NAC's declaration of a Climate Emergency, and the three key themes of Wellbeing, Work and World from the Council's Local Outcomes Improvement Plan. They also recognise the importance of supporting communities through inclusive access to employment, education and key services.

The LTATS plays a vital role in enabling and encouraging people to walk, cycle and wheel more often, thereby creating healthier communities. This focus on active travel is shown by the inclusion of a detailed active travel strategy chapter.

The Vision, Strategic Priorities and Objectives are shown below.

Vision

North Ayrshire will have a sustainable and wellconnected transport network that meets the needs of all, supports an inclusive economy, healthier communities and creates an attractive place in which to live, work, visit and do business

Strategic Priorities

Our three strategic priorities contribute to the overarching vision and provide a strategic context for what we want to achieve from our LTATS.

Strategic Priorities

Accessibility for All

 Enhancing the range of sustainable transport opportunities to enable well connected access to employment, education and services.

Inclusive Economic Growth Improving the transport network and connectivity in North Ayrshire and beyond to create an attractive place for businesses and communities to thrive

Healthier Communities

 A transport network that enables sustainable healthy travel choices underpinned by a low carbon ethos to improve the quality of life for everyone

Objectives

The five objectives provide more detail on what the LTATS aims to achieve.

LTATS Objectives

Access to Employment and Services

 Improve accessibility, availability and safety of the transport system, ensuring everyone can access town centres, jobs, education, healthcare and other everyday needs

Reduce Emissions

• Reduce carbon emissions caused by transport in North Ayrshire

Active Travel and Communities

 Encourage and enable physical activity and improved health and wellbeing in the communities through active travel

Confidence in Public Transport

 Improve the reliability, accessibility, safety, personal security, and integration of public transport services

Transport Network Condition

Improve the condition of the existing roads and active travel network

Additional objectives have been developed for the dedicated Active Travel Strategy (Chapter 6):

Active Travel Strategy Objectives



Deliver a well-connected and accessible active travel network



Facilitate an increase in the proportion of all journeys made by walking, wheeling and cycling



Deliver training, events and promotion of active travel to encourage more people to travel by active means



5 Active Travel Strategy

Overview

What is Active Travel?

Active travel relates to making journeys in physically active ways, such as walking, cycling, wheeling (i.e. the use of a wheelchair or other mobility aid) and horse riding. The benefits of active travel include improved health, improved community safety, and reduced environmental impacts.

Importance of Active Travel

Active travel has an important role to play in achieving carbon reduction targets by switching short journeys which are often made by car to walking, cycling and wheeling. This contributes to the Council's net zero ambitions and



declaration of a climate emergency.

Replacing short car journeys will also contribute to reduced congestion and air pollution, creating a healthier environment for communities.

It is recommended that active travel networks are developed as part of a wider and coherent green infrastructure network, to ensure that multiple beneficial opportunities for both health and wellbeing and the environment are not missed.

Health and Wellbeing

Enabling better to access to employment and community services is essential to the health and wellbeing of our communities. Promoting equality is one of North Ayrshire's core values and this Active Travel Strategy offers ways in which people in North Ayrshire can improve their health by being more active and benefit their sense of wellbeing through the creation of personal connections through better accessibility and active travel initiatives. Active travel can also support increased tourism by making North Ayrshire an even more attractive place to visit.

Multi Modal Travel

Active travel modes also play a vital role in multi-modal journeys through walking, cycling and wheeling trips to and from public transport interchanges. Making these 'last mile' trips as attractive and convenient as possible can make multi-modal journeys more appealing than using a car for an entire journey and can create positive travel behaviour change. Integration between active modes and public transport is

North Ayrshire Council Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy therefore essential in encouraging people to travel more sustainably.

COVID Impact

The COVID-19 pandemic and associated lockdowns impacted on active travel with more people walking and cycling, particularly within their local areas during travel restrictions. Emergency active travel infrastructure was implemented through the Sustrans Spaces for People initiative which involved widening and upgrading 18 key active travel routes and providing new cycle parking at 40 locations across North Ayrshire.

Monitoring of cycling levels in North Ayrshire (see Figure 5-2) found that were was a significant increase in active travel during the 2020 lockdowns, compared with previous years.

This illustrates that there is a significant opportunity, as we move forward from the pandemic, to capitalise on the increased interest and uptake in active travel by continuing to invest in high-quality active travel infrastructure and behaviour change programmes in North Ayrshire.

Strategy and Policy Context

National

In A Fairer, Greener Scotland: Programme for Government, 2021-22¹¹, the Scottish Government made a commitment that at least £320 million or 10% of the total transport budget is spent on active travel by 2024-25, ensuring greener, cleaner and better-connected communities.

This highlights the importance placed on active travel by the Government and a recognition of its contribution to securing a net zero carbon future in a just and fair way.

Strategies and policies at national, regional and local levels provide a context for this Active Travel Strategy. Many of these policy documents are referred to in Chapter 3 and will not be repeated here. However, key active travel documents are outlined below.

The Active Travel Framework, 2019¹² brings together the key policy approaches for improving the uptake of walking and cycling in Scotland for travel.

Active Travel Framework Vision

Scotland's communities are shaped around people, with walking or cycling the most popular choice for shorter everyday journeys.

¹¹ A Fairer, Greener Scotland: Programme for Government 2021-22 - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)

¹² Active Travel Framework (1) | Transport Scotland

The Active Travel Vision is accompanied by objectives that promote healthier, fairer, and more environmentally friendly choices while creating more pleasant, economically viable, safer and sustainable places:

- Cut carbon emissions and other pollution
- Deliver liveable, more pleasant communities
- Better health and safer travel for all
- Reduce inequalities jobs, services, leisure
- Support delivery of sustainable economic growth

Let's Get Scotland Walking: The National Walking Strategy Action Plan 2016-2026 (Revised 2019)¹³ has the following strategic aims:

- Develop a daily walking culture everyone, everyday
- Deliver on creating a culture of walking where everyone walks more often as part of their everyday travel and for recreation and wellbeing
- Develop walkable places and spaces for everyone
- Achieve better quality walking environments with attractive, well designed and managed built and natural spaces and places for everyone

A More Active Scotland - Scotland's Physical Activity

Delivery Plan, 2018¹⁴ has a vision of a Scotland where more people are more active, more often.

The Cycling Action Plan for Scotland, 2017-2020¹⁵ set out a robust set of actions to work towards the vision of '10% of everyday journeys to be made by bike, by 2020'. A new Cycling Framework and Delivery Plan for Scotland is in development and is expected to be published during 2023.

Regional

The draft **Regional Transport Strategy 2022-37**¹⁶ was published by SPT for consultation in summer 2022. It includes an ambition to develop and deliver a regional active travel network across the SPT area.

Local

NAC Core Paths Plan (2009)¹⁷ ensures that each town and village in North Ayrshire has a basic framework of paths available for recreation and everyday journeys by local people and visitors.

NAC Outdoor Access Strategy¹⁸ provides a framework for reviewing the existing situation in terms of provision, use, policy and resources and a means for agreeing and coordinating priorities for future outdoor access.

¹³ Let's get Scotland Walking - The National Walking Strategy - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)

¹⁴ Active Scotland Delivery Plan - gov.scot (www.gov.scot)

¹⁵ Cycling Action Plan for Scotland 2017-2020 | Transport Scotland

¹⁶ <u>Draft Regional Transport Strategy</u>

¹⁷ CPP Document (north-ayrshire.gov.uk)

¹⁸ Outdoor-Access-Strategy (north-ayrshire.gov.uk)

Planning

Planning policy will determine the future look and feel of North Ayrshire. Planning and active travel are closely linked, and when considered together, can result in significant benefits in terms of planning new developments and active travel routes.

Planning policy at a national, regional and local level encourages developments which provide, or are located near to, as many key services as possible to minimise the need to travel longer distances and to encourage active travel for short trips. Developments should also link into and enhance existing active travel networks whilst providing high-quality internal routes, enforcing the travel mode hierarchy set out in NTS2 through physical layouts which control motorised traffic speeds and create accessible and permeable neighbourhoods.

Existing Active Travel Network

There are three National Cycle Network (NCN) routes within North Ayrshire, as shown in Figure 5-1.

- NCN7 runs from the border of South Ayrshire through Irvine, Kilwinning and the Garnock Valley, before continuing north towards Paisley and Glasgow.
- NCN73 connects Kilmarnock to Ardrossan and continues on the Isle of Arran between Brodick and Lochranza.
- NCN753 is still under development. It runs from Ardrossan to the North Coast. Work is continuing to improve this route and create additional off-road sections.



Figure 5-1 Strategic Active Travel Network

North Ayrshire has a number of nationally recognised and scenic walking routes, including the Arran Coastal Way and the Ayrshire Coastal path.

Under the Land Reform (Scotland) Act, non-motorised users have a statutory right of responsible access to most land and inland water, provided that they do so in a responsible way. Likewise, land must be managed in a way that respects responsible access rights. North Ayrshire has an extensive wider network of core paths, developed as part of the Council's responsibilities under the Act. These are paths which give the public reasonable access to cross land, with no set physical standards. Core paths can therefore vary significantly in their construction from wide multi-user tarmac paths to narrow grass paths.

There is a strong horse-riding community in North Ayrshire who take advantage of the area's many outdoor spaces and path networks.

Active Travel Statistics

Key statistics have from the 2022 Annual Cycling Monitoring Report by Cycling Scotland have been analysed to understand the key trends for active travel in North Ayrshire. The statistics reported have been affected by changes to the methods of data collection for a number of data sources due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, most significantly is the Scottish Household Survey, previously mentioned. Data has, therefore, been taken from both the 2021 and 2022 reports. ¹⁹

Key Stats and Trends

- Over half of journeys in North Ayrshire are less than 5km and therefore potentially suitable for active modes
- 41% of North Ayrshire residents have access to one or more bikes for private use, which is below the national average of 45%
- There is a general upward trend in active travel over the period of 2018 – 22 (see Figure 5-2)
- The COVID-19 lockdowns during 2020 can be seen to have significantly increased active travel in the region, with a drop off in 2021, however in 2022 levels are close to those in summer 2020
- The proportion of employees cycling to work regularly in North Ayrshire in 2022 was higher than the national average –data for 2019 (see Chapter 4) showed cycle to work rates were lower than the national average

¹⁹ Monitoring Cycling in Scotland - Making Cycling Better - Our Programmes - Cycling Scotland

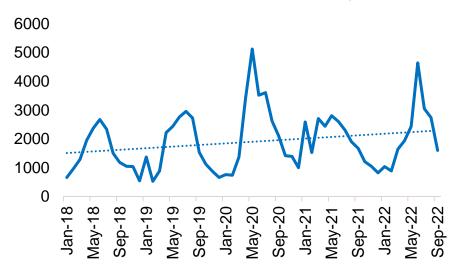


Figure 5-2 Average Daily Pedestrians and Cyclists Across North Ayrshire (Source –NAC Counter Data)

Workplaces

Based on the Cycling Scotland data, the proportion of employees cycling to work regularly in North Ayrshire is 2.7%, which is higher than the national average of 1.9%

The Cycling Friendly Employer Fund, financed by Transport Scotland, is awarded to organisations to develop projects that encourage staff and visitors to travel by bike. This funding can be used to install cycle parking, upgrade minor (workplace specific) pedestrian / cycle routes, upgrade changing areas, showers, lockers and drying areas etc. It can also be used to fund bike pools, hire fleets or maintenance areas and tools.

In North Ayrshire, there are currently nine Cycling Friendly Employers employing a total of 4,115 staff. North Ayrshire Council itself is a Gold-accredited Cycling Friendly Employer.

Schools

Compared to the period between 2014-2019, there has been an increase in pupils cycling to both primary and secondary school. The proportion of primary school pupils cycling to school has increased by approximately 7%, and secondary school pupils by approximately 38%.

Results from the Sustrans Hands Up School Surveys found that the proportion of primary school pupils in North Ayrshire walking to school was 43.2% in 2018, 43.0% in 2019, and 37.9% in 2020. For secondary school pupils, the walking figures were 48.8% in 2019, 48.9% in 2019, and 39.5% in 2020. The figures for 2020 may have been affected by the Covid-19 pandemic.

In North Ayrshire, there are 10 Cycling Friendly Schools, reaching 2,674 pupils. Cycling Friendly Schools receive funding to purchase equipment and cycle parking to help overcome barriers to cycling. Encouraging pupils to cycle builds confidence, keeps kids healthy, and engages hard to reach students.

Safety

The number of pedestrian and cyclist casualties resulting from road traffic accidents in North Ayrshire is decreasing as

shown in Figure 5-3 and Figure 5-4. Total pedestrian casualties have dropped by more than 50% since 2014 (from 37 to 18), with cyclist casualties decreasing by 50% from 16 to 8, demonstrating significant progress in improving road safety for vulnerable users.

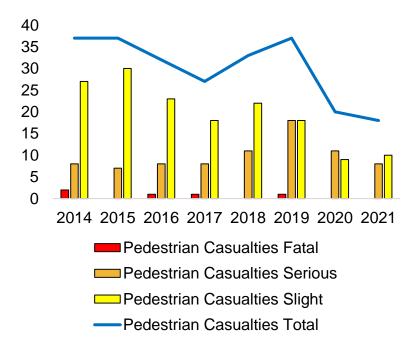


Figure 5-3 Pedestrian Casualties (Source – NAC data)

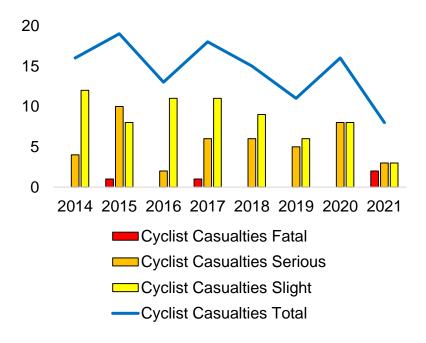


Figure 5-4 Cyclist Casualties (Source – NAC Data)

Active Travel Strategy Objectives

The Active Travel Strategy supports the overall vision, strategic priorities and objectives for the LTATS, as outlined in Chapter 5. It also has the following additional objectives:

- Deliver a well-connected and accessible active travel network
- Facilitate an increase in the proportion of all journeys made by walking, wheeling and cycling
- Deliver training, events and promotion of active travel to encourage more people to travel by active means.

Progress

The Council has implemented a variety of projects and initiatives to encourage people to walk and cycle more often. These focused on three areas: infrastructure, behaviour change, and improving access to active travel for all. Some case studies are provided below.

Infrastructure

Case Study – Tarryholme to i3 Enterprise Area Active Travel Link

The i3 Irvine Enterprise Area is located to east of Irvine and covers around 132 hectares. It is Scotland's largest Enterprise Area and focused on offering long term development opportunities to Life Sciences businesses or related industries. Currently, i3 is home to around 30 businesses with over 1,000 employees in the area.

Access to i3 is largely by car. There are bus stops to the north in Greenwood and the rail station is 2.2 miles away. There is a good network of local paths within this area, but they are not attractive or accessible. The nearest cycle route is the NCN73 but there was no attractive or direct access into the i3 from this off-road route.

Funding was secured from Sustrans 'Places For Everyone' fund to build a new 3.5 metre all abilities shared use path to improve access to the site. This involved upgrading the existing path at Tarryholme (shown in blue to the right) and

constructing a new path between the A78 underpass and the i3 (shown in green):



This new off-road connection includes fencing, solar studs, resting points, signage, tactile paving and dropped kerbs.

This new link connects i3 to the residential area of Tarryholme.
This provides a more attractive route towards



Irvine town centre, rail station, leisure centre and various other visitor attractions. It also provides more equitable

North Ayrshire Council Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy access to employment for those who don't or can't use other travel modes.

Behaviour Change

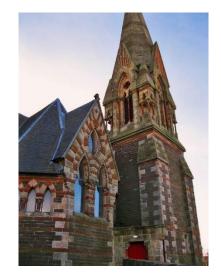
Supporting and encouraging people to change their travel habits is a key element of efforts to reduce private car use for short journeys and increase the use of active modes. NAC provides significant support to residents, employers and community groups to facilitate behaviour change in schools, workplaces and other settings.

NAC's Active Travel team, including the Workplace Engagement Officer, Road Safety Officer and the Trinity Active Travel Hub, work together to increase cycling, walking and wheeling activities by raising awareness of new and existing routes and supporting people with training and confidence to use them.

Case Study - Trinity Active Travel Hub

The Trinity Active Travel Hub is located in the former Trinity Church in Bridgegate, Irvine.

The hub was opened in 2019 following significant funding support from a number of key partners including Transport Scotland and Energy Saving Trust with the European Regional Development Funds (ERDF) and the Low Carbon Travel and Transport Challenge



Fund, Additional support was also provided by SPT.

This combination of funding streams supported the development of the Active Travel Hub including kitting the building out with an office space, activity area and establishing a bike library. It was also used to create the Circuit, an off-road cycle loop at Quarry Road (Link to The Circuit video); upgrade paths leading towards Irvine town centre; installation of cycle repair stands at several North Ayrshire railway stations and to employ one full time staff member for 12 months.

The Trinity Active Travel Hub delivers a range of activities to support active travel as well as sign posting users to existing services. Activities are designed to raise awareness and develop confidence so that individuals are better informed and more confident to make active travel decisions. Activities include Nordic walking classes and health walks which are designed to give people



the confidence that they can walk the short distances to their local shops and facilities. These are carried out across North Ayrshire with the support of NAC staff and volunteers. Cycle rides and skills training give new and inexperienced cyclists more confidence in using their bikes.



The hub provides skills sessions such as basic bike maintenance and puncture repair, giving people the ability to fix minor bike problems when out and about. Basic learn to ride and 'come and try' e-bike sessions are held

at the Circuit in Quarry Road. Bespoke walking and cycling activities can also be arranged to cater for the needs of specific groups. Volunteers who wish to support the Trinity's

activities can be provided with training such as walk leader, cycle ride leader and first aid. The building is also used for drop-in information events. The Trinity team support partners events and promote our offer of services within the community. More information about The Trinity can be found on the Trinity website. There is also a video of the Trinity Hub available.

Events

North Ayrshire Council also hosts events aimed at promoting active travel and building community support.

The Ayrshire Women's Cycle Festival is an annual festival supporting and inspiring women in Ayrshire to cycle more regardless of their current cycling ability or experience. The festival has been running for five years and is delivered in partnership with the Kilmarnock Active Travel Hub.



Ayr Active Travel Hub and Trinity Active Travel Hub.

In May 2022, **Pedal Irvine** offered a great opportunity for local families and people interested in cycling to come together and enjoy some of the best local cycle routes Irvine has to offer.

The fun, free and inclusive mass participation cycle event was organised by the Trinity Active Travel Hub and was supported by Active Schools and Cycling Scotland.

Over 300 people took part in the ride. All riders with a range of abilities, some as young as three years old, managed to complete the 8km route successfully.

Participant quote - "We had a fab morning. My wee boy had just learned to ride his bike the week before, having been really wobbly for a few weeks up until then and he had the best time."

In September 2022, the **Ayrshire Walking Festival** was held for the first time. The festival was hosted in partnership with the East, North and South Ayrshire Active Travel Hubs to promote walking for health and for a greener way to travel for short journeys. The festival featured led walks by local organisations, catering for all abilities, ages and interests. A total of 33 organisations and 147 individuals took part in 48 walks across Ayrshire. It is hoped that this will become an annual event.

Partnership Working and Access for All

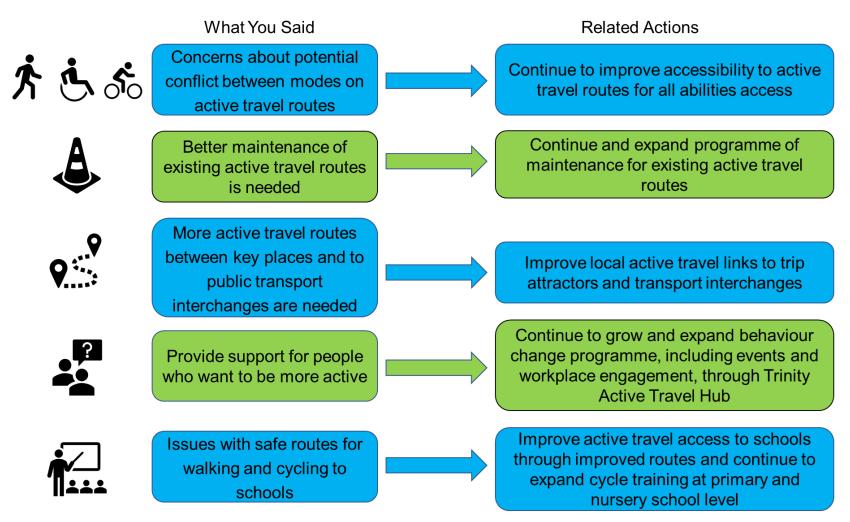
It is vitally important that active travel is made accessible to people of all abilities and ages. The Council works closely with community partners such as Arran Access Trust, Eco-Savvy, Project Kilbirnie and the Beith Trust, amongst others, to offer support via training courses such as Cycle Ride Leader, Walk Leader, bike maintenance and more. Furthermore, the 'Community Outdoor Access Grant' is soon to be revamped and relaunched to allow Community Groups to bid for enhanced funding to deliver both active travel initiatives and access improvements.

The Trinity Active Travel Hub is based in Irvine. This works with partners across North Ayrshire to bolstering delivery throughout the area.

The Trinity Hub will continue to work with partners such as Paths for All, Transport Scotland, SPT and Sustrans to bid for and utilise grant funding to deliver our behaviour change programmes and improve our active travel network infrastructure.

Key Issues and Actions for Active Travel

The key issues identified through our research and engagement with the public and key stakeholder groups, as well as the main actions to address them are summarised as follows. A full set of actions for active travel can be found in the Delivery Plan in Chapter 9. Area specific proposals for each of the six localities in North Ayrshire are in the following sections.



Locality Proposals

Arran

The Isle of Arran has a section of NCN73, which runs

between Brodick and Lochranza. This route is almost exclusively on road. The geography and topography of Arran presents a challenge for active travel between the main settlements, although the popularity of e-bikes is leading to an increase in demand for better routes despite the gradients.

Arran is a popular tourist destination attracting people who enjoy the outdoors and like to be active. Several active travel initiatives have been implemented by Arran Eco Savvy Community to benefit residents through

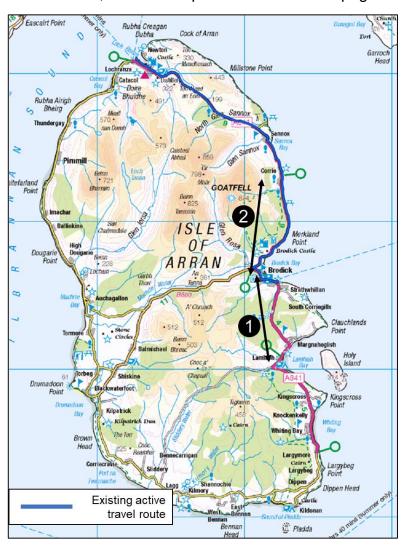
the Sustainable Island Life Project.

Case Study Sustainable Island Life project Key Achievements:

- 209 tonnes of CO2 reduced
- eBike loan scheme
- eBike charging network established with 22 local businesses signing up
- Bike maintenance stations installed at the north and south of the island
- Workplace eBike scheme set up, launched and operated, with 43 participating businesses

Strategic Infrastructure Aspirations

Strategic active travel infrastructure aspirations for Arran are shown below, with details provided on the next page.



Map Reference	Route Name	Details
1	Brodick to Lamlash Strategic Corridor	Long-term aspiration for a new off-road active travel corridor between Brodick and Lamlash. It would offer residents and visitors to the island a viable alternative to car travel between the two towns. This route would be aimed at both commuters and island visitors.
2	Brodick to Corrie Route Improvements	Improved off-road route between Brodick and Corrie. The current NCN73 is on-road.

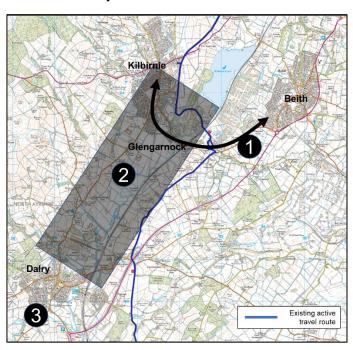
Garnock Valley

NCN 7 runs through the Garnock Valley, to the east of Dalry, before heading through Glengarnock and Kilbirnie. The route is currently on-road between Dalry and Glengarnock, with an off-road route between Kilbirnie and Lochwinnoch to the North.

There is also an existing shared use path which provides a connection between Dalry Road in Beith and Glengarnock Community Campus.

Strategic Infrastructure Aspirations

Strategic active travel infrastructure aspirations for the Garnock Valley are shown below.



Map Reference	Route Name	Details		
1	Beith – Glengarnock – Kilbirnie Strategic Corridor	Continue to improve links between Beith, Glengarnock and Kilbirnie by extending the existing connection between Beith and Garnock Community Campus to provide a strategic active travel corridor. The route should also provide new and improved connections to NCN7 in Glengarnock and Kilbirnie, Lochshore and improved connections to Glengarnock rail station.		
2	Dalry to Kilbirnie Strategic Corridor	Work is continuing to assess alignment options for providing an active travel route between Dalry and Kilbirnie. The long-term aspiration is to complete an offroad route between Kilwinning and Kilbirnie.		
3	B714	The upgrade of the B714 will include a 3m wide active travel route as well as connections into Dalry to the north and into Saltcoats to the south.		

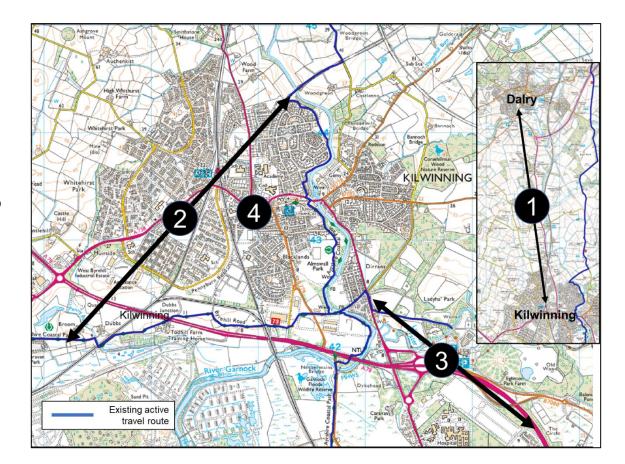
Kilwinning

NCN 7 connects Kilwinning to the Garnock Valley, via a predominantly on-road route to the north, and to South Ayrshire via Irvine. NCN 73 also connects Kilwinning and the Three Towns, via a mix of on- and off-road sections.

A community and stakeholder engagement exercise was undertaken in Spring 2020 to identify improved local active travel connections in Kilwinning. The project was split into two schemes: 'The Small Links' scheme, which is a set of three short east-west links to be created or upgraded across Kilwinning, and a second scheme looking at improvements to routes across Blacklands Recreation Ground. Two of the three Small Links paths have been delivered. Work is progressing on the development of the other paths.

Strategic Infrastructure Aspirations

Strategic active travel infrastructure aspirations for Kilwinning are shown to the right and are detailed on the next page.



Map Reference	Route Name	Details
1	Kilwinning to Dalry Strategic Corridor	Aspiration to provide a strategic off-road route between Kilwinning and Dalry to form part of a wider strategic corridor between Kilwinning and Kilbirnie with view to realigning existing NCN7 on-road sections to an off-road setting.
2	NCN7/73 to Town Centre / Rail Station	New and improved connections between the town centre / rail station and the existing NCN Route 7/73 to improve local connectivity.
3	NCN connections - Castle Park, Irvine to Irvine Road, Kilwinning through Eglinton Park	Continue to work with Sustrans and other partners to create a quality off-road route through Eglinton Park linking Castlepark, Irvine to Kilwinning.
4	Blacklands Recreation Ground and McGavin Park	Improvements to walking and cycling routes in and around Blacklands Recreation Ground and McGavin Park.

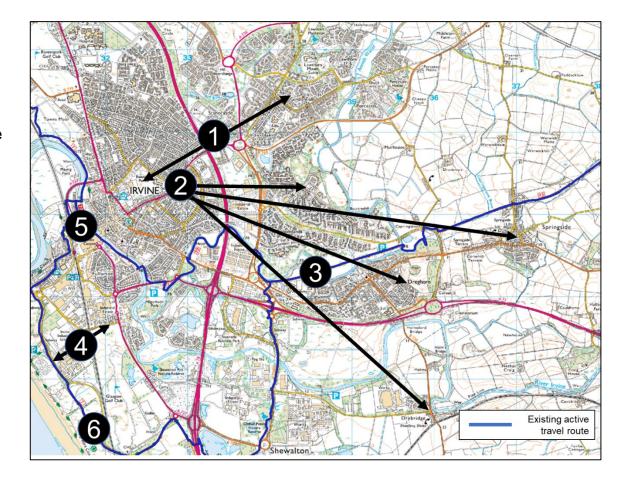
Irvine

NCN7 connects Irvine to Kilwinning and to the South Ayrshire coast. NCN73 connects Irvine with surrounding villages such as Dreghorn, Springside and on to Kilmarnock.

The two NCN routes provide good connectivity between Irvine town centre, the rail station, and Irvine Beach Park.

Strategic Infrastructure Aspirations

Strategic active travel infrastructure aspirations for Irvine and the surrounding area are shown on the right, with details provided on the next page. These proposals are based on the findings of the 'Irvine Cycle Friendly Town' project and aim to better connect the different areas of Irvine and the adjacent villages.



Map Reference	Route Name	Details
1	Girdle Toll to Irvine	Seek to provide a strategic active travel corridor between Girdle Toll and Irvine.
2	Irvine Cycle Friendly Town Project	Improve and upgrade connectivity to wider Irvine area, i3and surrounding villages, including Springside, Drybridge, Bourtreehill and Dreghorn.
3	NCN73 Improvements	Incrementally upgrade sections of NCN73 and improve connectivity.
4	Heatherhouse Road to NCN7	Local connection between Heatherhouse Road and NCN7 to the southwest
5	Town Centre Connections	Improved connections to Irvine town centre from the existing active travel network
6	NCN7 Irvine to South Ayrshire	Improved and more direct NCN 7 alignment between Irvine and South Ayrshire.

North Coast

The North Coast locality features several local active travel connections but lacks longer distance strategic routes. A long-term aspiration is to fill these gaps with a view to creating a primarily off-road NCN 753 link from Ardrossan to the Inverclyde, north of Skelmorlie.

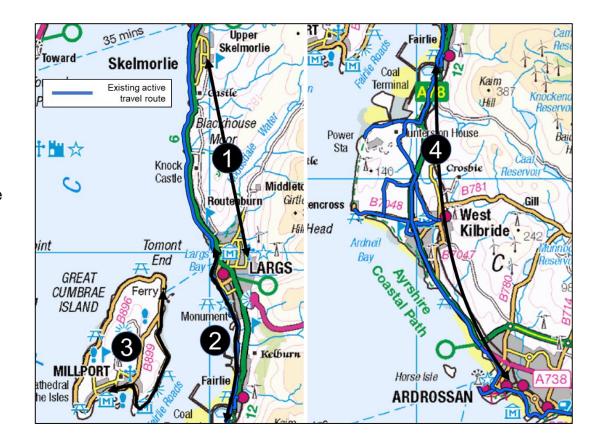
There is a shared use path between Seamill and the Montfode roundabout in Ardrossan alongside the A78, which has recently been upgraded by Transport Scotland to provide a 4m corridor. Recent works are also ongoing to provide a new off-road, coastal path through Fairlie.

There is also an existing off-road route between Kelburn and Largs, which ends at the promenade path in Largs. Work is underway to consider potential upgrades to this route to provide additional connectivity to Largs town centre and the ferry terminal.

Cumbrae is a popular island for leisure cycling, but there is significant potential for increased functional active travel trips on the island, particular for commuting between Millport and Largs. Early feasibility work has begun to identify improvements for active travel between the Cumbrae ferry slip and Millport.

Strategic Infrastructure Aspirations

Strategic active travel infrastructure aspirations for the North Coast are shown to the right, with details provided on the next page.



Map Reference	Route Name	Details
1	Largs to Skelmorlie	Investigate options to provide an off-road or quiet route for NCN 753 between Largs and Skelmorlie and on to the boundary with Inverclyde.
2	Fairlie to Largs	Improve existing off-road route and connections between Fairlie and Largs. NAC have funding from Transport Scotland to complete Phase 3 of the Fairlie Coastal Path, which will provide an off-road active travel corridor from the Fairlie Viewpoint car park to Bay Street. This section is anticipated to be completed in 2023/24 pending agreements being reached with landowners. NAC are also undertaking a study of 'Largs Promenade' to consider options to improve the corridor from Largs Yacht Haven along the promenade to Aubery Park.
3	Millport to Cumbrae Slip	Improved walking and cycling route between the ferry terminal and Millport.
4	Fairlie – West Kilbride/Seamill – Ardrossan	Investigate an improved alignment between Fairlie, West Kilbride, Seamill and Ardrossan.

Three Towns

The Three Towns of Ardrossan, Saltcoats and Stevenston are served by NCN 73, which provides a connection to Kilwinning to the east, and onwards to Irvine and Kilmarnock. The route is predominantly off-road, with some quiet on-road sections.

Ardrossan Connections

Ardrossan Connections is a partnership project between Sustrans Scotland, North Ayrshire Council and Ardrossan Community Development Trust which aims to improve public spaces, improve transport connectivity and increase



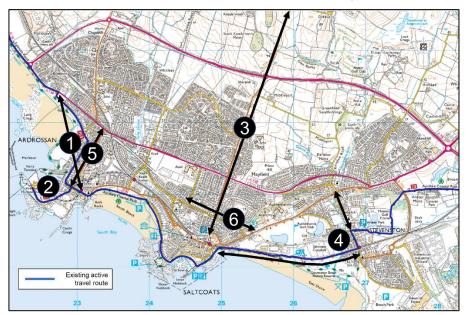
footfall within Ardrossan for the benefit of local people, businesses, and visitors alike.

Infrastructure improvements being considered include upgrades to the existing NCN, rerouting sections of the NCN and placemaking opportunities in Ardrossan.

A variety of behaviour change activities will also be delivered, including free cycling skills sessions, bike maintenance classes and led rides. Local businesses will be offered a package of activities to help enable employees to travel to work actively such as promoting Cycle to Work Schemes and helping employers access funding for cycle storage.

Strategic Infrastructure Aspirations

Strategic active travel infrastructure aspirations for the Three Towns are shown on the next page.



Map Reference	Route Name	Details			
1	NCN73 to NCN753	Connection(s) between NCN73 and NCN753 to be delivered through the Ardrossan Connections and North Shore Coastal Path projects.			

Map Reference	Route Name	Details
2	Ardrossan Harbour Improvements	Improved active travel connections and facilities at and around the ferry terminal and Ardrossan Harbour and Town rail stations.
3	B714	The upgrade of the B714 from Sharphill Roundabout to Dalry will include a 3m wide active travel path alongside. Active travel connections from this new route into Saltcoats will also be delivered.
4	Stevenston to NCN73	New and improved local connections between Stevenston and NCN73.
5	Glasgow Street / Princes Street	Active travel improvements along Glasgow Street and Princes Street as part of the Ardrossan Connections project
6	Old Caledonian Railway	Upgrade to existing route along the former Caledonian railway. Work is also underway to look at the feasibility of an eastern tie in point to the Old Caledonian Railway cutting at the Canal Street Bridge





6 Public Transport

Overview

North Ayrshire has an expansive public transport system, providing an alternative to travelling by private vehicle and, in some cases, a lifeline service for island, rural and remote communities. Public transport services include buses, rail and ferry services. There are several broad aims which may influence considerations about public transport service. These include:

- To provide a service for people who do not currently use public transport.
- To improve the quality of service for existing passengers; helping to maintain the existing passenger base and generating additional trips.
- To contribute to social inclusion; providing services for people without access to private vehicles and for whom walking and cycling are not viable.

Public transport is essential for connecting communities to key services, employment opportunities, and to each other. This is particularly important in areas with high deprivation and low car ownership.

Existing Network

Rail

The vast majority of rail passenger services in Scotland are operated by ScotRail whereas the rail infrastructure including tracks and signals is owned and operated by Network Rail. Funding for rail projects in Scotland is controlled by Transport Scotland and potential projects have to follow the Government's approval process.

North Ayrshire has 12 rail stations, situated on the Glasgow to Ardrossan/Largs and Glasgow to Ayr lines. These offer regular connections within North Ayrshire and onwards to Glasgow and Ayr.

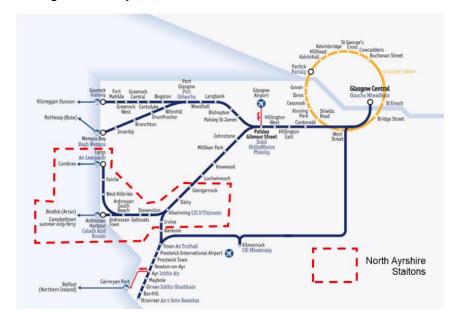


Figure 6-1 Rail Network in North Ayrshire (source – ScotRail)

Figure 6-2 shows the total rail passengers (entries and exits) for the period 2004 to 2020. The figures demonstrate the steady and consistent growth in passenger numbers on services in North Ayrshire, with a 28% increase from 2004-05 to 2018-19 (the last year for which data was unaffected by Covid-19).

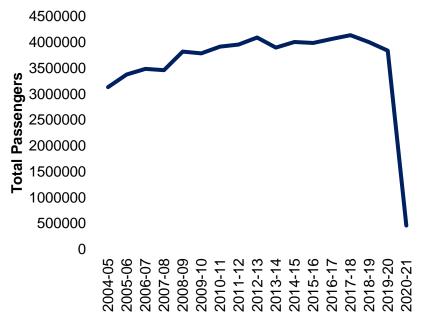


Figure 6-2 Total Rail Passengers in North Ayrshire (Source – Office of Road and Rail)

Figure 6-3 shows the busiest stations in North Ayrshire, with the size of the blue circles representing the number of passengers from 2021-22. Kilwinning station has the most passengers (approx. 450,000) and operates as an interchange station, with Irvine second (440,000) and Largs third (250,000).

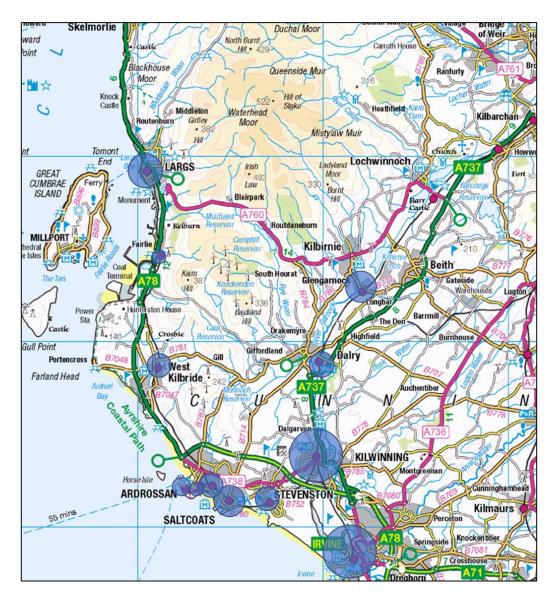


Figure 6-3 Rail Passengers at Stations in North Ayrshire (Source – Office of Road and Rail)

Bus

Bus services in Scotland are typically run by commercial operators. SPT, as the Regional Transport Authority, can support socially necessary services in areas where there is no commercial provision. Funds, however, are limited and several factors have to be considered before decisions on subsidising a service can be taken.

In June 2022, new powers were announced in the Transport (Scotland) Act 2019²⁰ which allow transport authorities to run local bus services, giving them more flexibility over the operation of services to meet the needs of local residents. Further consideration of the powers provided through the Act will be taken alongside SPT.

The main bus operating companies in North Ayrshire include McGill's, Stagecoach, ShuttleBus and SPT's MyBus.

Notable key bus services include:

- Stagecoach service 11 connecting Ardrossan, Saltcoats and Stevenston to Kilwinning, Irvine and Kilmarnock.
- Stagecoach Service 585 serving the Ayrshire coast from Largs, through West Kilbride, the Three Towns and Irvine, and towards Prestwick and Ayr.
- McGill's Buses' Clyde Flyer services (901 and 906)
 between Largs and Glasgow, via Inverclyde, and their 904

service connecting Largs with the Garnock Valley and Paisley.

Additional services are provided by Shuttle Buses, which operate smaller vehicle services between Kilwinning, Irvine and surrounding areas, and also the Largs circular service.

SPT operates on an agency basis on behalf of North Ayrshire, including managing contracts for school bus services, maintaining bus stops, processing disabled persons National Entitlement Card (NEC) renewals, administering the SPT Zonecard and the Strathclyde Concessionary Travel Scheme.

Bus Service Issues

In general, the bus network in North Ayrshire has contracted and issues with availability of bus service routes, reliability, frequency and operating times were identified through the public consultation for the new LTATS. People highlighted the lack of bus services as impacting their ability to access key services without using a car, particularly in rural areas. As a result, there is a significant reliance on subsidised bus services to meet residents travel needs with funding allocated to the provision of these subsidised bus service.

Service frequencies were reduced during the Covid-19 lockdowns, and many North Ayrshire residents highlighted that these have not been restored to previous levels following the lifting of travel restrictions. Furthermore, bus passenger

51

²⁰ Transport (Scotland) Act 2019

numbers declined during Covid due to travel restrictions and concerns about using public transport and patronage has not returned to pre-pandemic levels.

While bus service provision is of great concern to many people in North Ayrshire, it is encouraging that Stagecoach has announced that popular bus services in and around Ayrshire are being increased in a bid to help connect communities across the region.

Ferry

Ferry services are an essential part of North Ayrshire Council's transport network. Transport Scotland is responsible for the provision of ferry services in Scotland. The ferry services in North Ayrshire are part of the Clyde and Hebrides network and are operated by CalMac Ferries Ltd, with Caledonian Maritime Assets Ltd (CMAL) managing the port infrastructure.

North Ayrshire Council work closely with Transport Scotland, CalMac and CMAL to seek improvements to the ferry network and services. There are five ferry terminals within North Ayrshire:

- Ardrossan and Largs on the mainland
- Brodick and Lochranza on Arran
- Cumbrae Slip on Great Cumbrae

There are two key passenger ferry routes connecting mainland North Ayrshire to its islands of Cumbrae and Arran.

These are essential to enable islanders to access mainland services and allow tourists to access the islands, thereby supporting their economies. Both routes are also substantially used for freight and commuting.

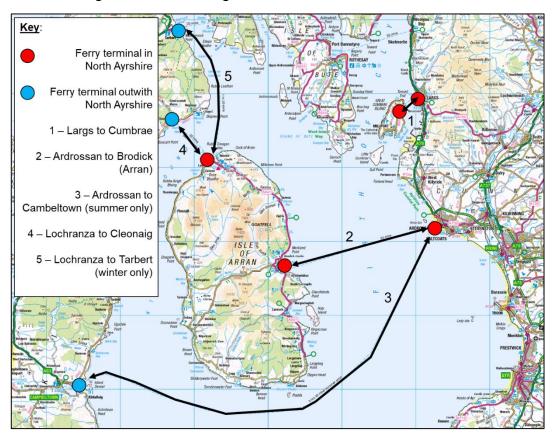


Figure 6-4 Ferry Services in North Ayrshire

Plans are in place for significant infrastructure improvements at the Ardrossan Harbour terminal. These works are required to accommodate a new vessel, which will operate on the

Ardrossan to Brodick route and provide improved service reliability and resilience.

Figure 6-5 shows the number of passengers using the ferries on Arran. Passenger numbers were steadily increasing in the lead up to the Covid-19 pandemic and associated travel restrictions.

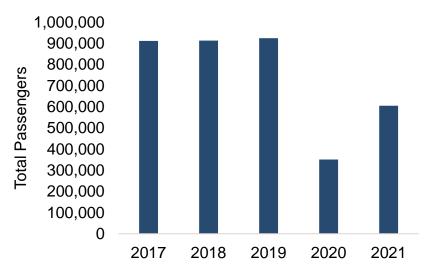


Figure 6-5 Passenger Numbers on Arran Ferry Services

In 2014 Transport Scotland implemented the Road Equivalent Tariff (RET) fares policy on the Arran ferry routes, with the Largs-Cumbrae route following in 2015. The principle of RET is that ferry fares should be equivalent to travelling the same distance by road, plus a fixed cost element. The aim was to reduce the cost disadvantage faced by island communities and promote the islands as a place to live, work, and visit.

Transport Scotland undertook an assessment of the impact of the RET in the first year of its implementation on the Ardrossan-Brodick and Largs-Cumbrae routes against predicted numbers without the RET. This found that passenger numbers increased on both routes and, in particular, the number of cars using the services increased significantly more so than overall passenger numbers.

Route	A Passengers	Cars	Coaches and CVs	
Ardrossan – Brodick	+6%	+33%	-26%	
Largs - Cumbrae	+7%	+15%	-32%	

Figure 6-6 Passenger and Vehicle Increases on Ferry Services Against Forecast due to RET (Source – Transport Scotland)

A subsequent study was released by Transport Scotland in 2021 which assessed the longer term impact of the RET. Figures show that passenger and car carryings continued to grow on the Largs-Cumbrae routes in 2017 and 2018, although the growth was significant than it the first year of the RET. Passenger carryings on the Ardrossan-Brodick route continued to rise over the same period, however there was a slight drop in car carryings in 2018 compared with 2017.

The report goes on to detail results of surveys which aimed to identify the impact of the RET on the residents of the affected routes. The Largs-Cumbrae and Ardrossan-Brodick routes were classified under Firth of Clyde Routes. Approximately 80% of respondents said that their use of the routes had been unaffected by the RET, with the main reason being the widespread prior use of multi-journey discounted tickets meaning the RET did not save them money.

In terms of the impact on residents, survey respondents were asked to agree/disagree with various statements on the impact of the RET on their communities. The most agreed with impacts for Firth of Clyde residents were increased day trip visitors, parking on the islands becoming more difficult in summer, and roads on the islands becoming too busy/congested during the summer. The most disagreed with statements were that quality of life on the island had improved, and that there were improved leisure/eating and drinking/shopping opportunities.

The increase in car trips has created demand management issues at and around the four ferry terminals, particularly Largs and Cumbrae, and has increased traffic volumes on Cumbrae and Arran.

Ferry Issues

The reliability and resilience of ferry services were frequently raised during the public consultation for this LTATS.

Residents highlighted that delayed and cancelled services between the mainland and Cumbrae/Arran were causing significant disruption in terms of accessing key services, operating businesses, and for visitors to the islands.

The lack of reliability of the ferries has impacted on residents being able to access medical and other important appointments with the resulting impact on their physical and mental health and wellbeing. It has further resulted in a reduction in residents.

Tourism has also been impacted, given the unreliability and cancellation of services, which has created a barrier for people to access the islands.

Consultees called for better and more reliable ferries to support their way of life on the North Ayrshire islands.

Key Achievements

The key improvements for public transport over the period of the previous Local Transport Strategy have been focused on improving physical infrastructure.

The new **Brodick Ferry Terminal**, the main gateway to Arran, was opened in April 2018. The £30m project provided a new 110m, two-berth pier and a new two-storey terminal building. Improvements were also made to access, with increased queuing space for vehicles, six bus stances, and a 65-space car park.



A consultation exercise and associated options study was undertaken in 2022 to identify improvements that could be made to improve access for all users on the Largs-Cumbrae ferry service.

Following the completion of the consultation, the Council is progressing with improvements at both terminals, comprising:

- Largs terminal additional short queuing lane, footway widening, consideration of Variable Message Signing on the main approaches to Largs, and managing right turning traffic from Bath Street joining the queue
- Cumbrae terminal realignment of carriageway to provide three queuing lanes closer to the ferry slip and improvements to the footway network. The Largs improvements are due to be implemented in 2022/23, with the Cumbrae improvements to follow in 2023/24.



Significant improvements have also been made to **bus stops** throughout North Ayrshire over the period of the previous strategy, including new and improved shelters and accessibility facilities, such as raised boarding kerbs, improved seating and upgraded access paths.

In many areas buses are the predominant form of public transport. Buses make effective use of limited road space and can therefore make a substantial contribution to reducing traffic congestion. However, buses themselves are often affected by congestion, leading to longer journey times and poor service reliability. Giving priority to late-running buses can help to protect bus services from these effects.

Bus Route Congestion Reduction Measures - North Ayrshire Council is currently implementing a Bus Priority System through Ardrossan, Kilwinning and Irvine. This is a key bus corridor which experiences delays at peak times including the high frequency Service 11.

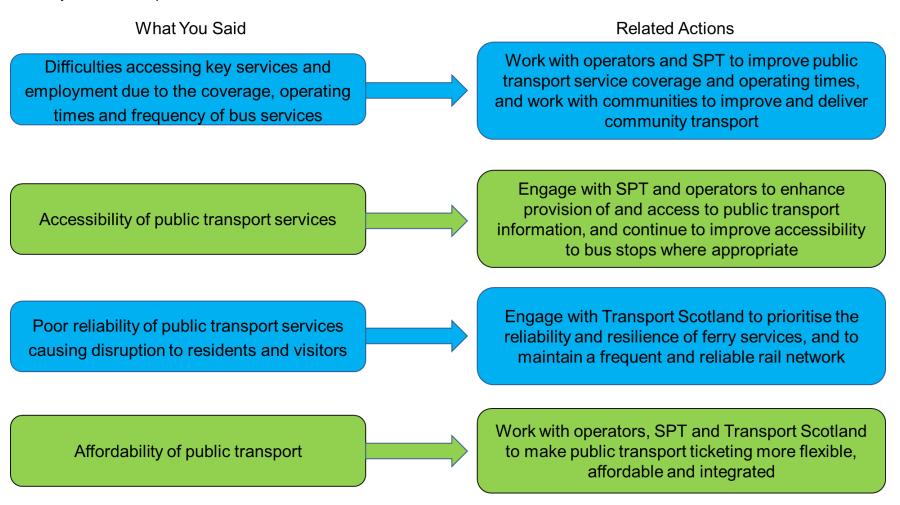
The priority system will improve bus journey times by providing coordinated traffic signal timings using an Urban Traffic Control (UTC) and late-running bus priority system. This will result in buses benefiting indirectly as the overall traffic flow is improved. This work is being done in partnership with SPT and Transport Scotland.





Key Issues and Actions for Public Transport

The key issues identified through our research and engagement with members of the public and key stakeholder groups, as well as the main actions to address them are summarised as follows. A full set of actions for public transport can be found in the Delivery Plan in Chapter 9.





7 Road Network

Overview

North Ayrshire has three major trunk roads managed by Transport Scotland. The A78 follows the west coast between Inverclyde and South Ayrshire, while the A737/A738 runs north-south through the Garnock Valley, connecting to Renfrewshire to the north, and joining the A78 at Kilwinning.

North Ayrshire Council is responsible for the management and maintenance of all other public roads.

Other key routes in North Ayrshire include:

- A738 connecting Ardrossan, Saltcoats, Stevenston
- B714 connecting Dalry to Saltcoats
- A760 connecting Largs and Lochwinnoch, via Kilbirnie.
 This is a major tourist route for travellers driving from Glasgow to Largs, and the ferry service to Millport
- A841 connecting the ferry terminals at Brodick and Lochranza, and serving Lamlash and Whiting Bay, making it a key route for tourism on Arran
- A71 connecting Irvine to Kilmarnock and onwards to Glasgow

Existing Network

The existing network is shown in Figure 7-1.

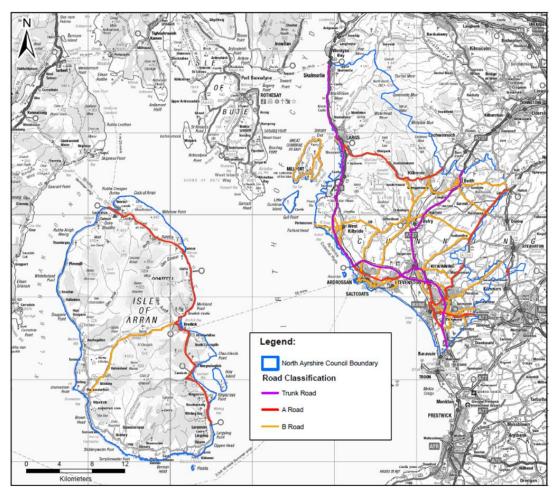


Figure 7-1 Key Roads in North Ayrshire

Vehicle Traffic

Figure 7-2 shows that vehicle traffic has been on an upward trend between 2014 and 2019, generally matching with a slight decrease in public transport use over the same period, as shown in Chapter 4. Increases in car journeys create issues in terms of increased emissions and congestion, as well as higher costs required to maintain the roads network. One of the key challenges for the new LTATS is to reduce the number of unnecessary trips made by private car and bring down the overall level of traffic on the network.

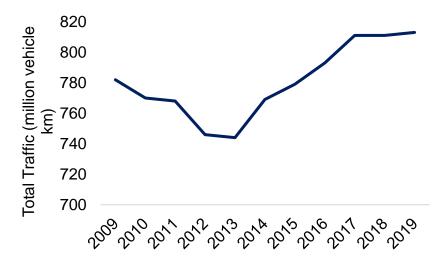


Figure 7-2 Total Vehicle Traffic in North Ayrshire (Source - NAC data)

20% Reduction in Car km by 2030₂₁

In its update to the Climate Change Plan in 2020, the Scottish Government committed to reducing car kilometres by 20% by 2030, compared with a 2019 baseline. Producing over a quarter of all greenhouse gas emissions, transport is the biggest contributor to climate change in Scotland, with car emissions accounting for 38% of all transport-related emissions.

The target is an overall national one, which recognises that it may not necessarily be achievable or realistic to reduce car use by the same amount in rural and remote areas, and among those whose circumstances limit their travel options.

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^{21 20%} reduction in car km by 2030 | Transport Scotland

Road Safety

The Council's Road Safety Strategy 2022-30 sets out the Council's key policies and actions for improving the safety of roads, in line with the national strategy: Scotland's Road Safety Framework to 2030²².

Casualties resulting from road traffic collisions in



North Ayrshire are on a downward trend from 2014 to 21, as shown in Figure 7-3.

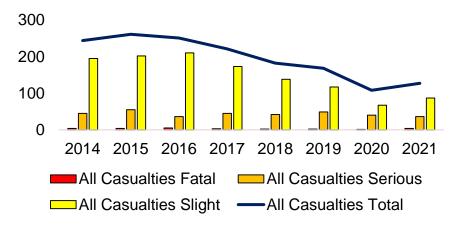


Figure 7-3 Road Collision Casualties in North Ayrshire (Source – NAC Data)

Car Parking

NAC operates a number of car parks across North Ayrshire, including:

- Car parks (Parking charges apply) at:
 - Seafront Car Park, Largs
 - Bellman's Close, Largs (short stay)
- Long stay car parks at:
 - Caledonian and Harbour Road, Irvine
 - Union Street and The Braes, Saltcoats
 - Woodwynd, Kilwinning
- Short stay car parks at:
 - West Road (Bridgegate), Irvine
 - Kirkgate, Irvine
 - Oxenward, Kilwinning
 - Chapelwell Street, Saltcoats
- Ferry terminal parking at Ardrossan, Millport and Brodick

The Blue Badge scheme is in operation in North Ayrshire, which allows disabled drivers, and those driving on their behalf, to park in specially marked bays (time limit may apply)

²² Scotland's Road Safety Framework to 2030

North Ayrshire Council Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy and on single or double yellow lines without time limits, provided that it doesn't cause obstruction or danger to other road users.

The Council is introducing Decriminalised Parking Enforcement as part of our traffic management strategy to manage the traffic network effectively, improve or maintain traffic flow and reduce congestion. This improves road safety and the local environment and encourages, where appropriate, increased use of more sustainable and healthy forms of travel. The integration of enforcement powers and parking policy will enhance our accountability to the residents for the overall parking policy, as well as enable better monitoring of the effectiveness and value of parking controls to ensure that the parking policy is responsive to public needs.

Key Achievements

Dalry Bypass and The Den Realignment

The Dalry Bypass was opened in summer 2019 and encourages improved economic and employment opportunities through better journey time reliability for motorists and businesses along the length of the A737.

In addition, the Dalry Bypass helps separate local traffic from strategic traffic and improves safety for both rural road users and communities. The A737 has also been realigned at The Den. This 1km scheme bypasses a series of sub-standard bends, improves traffic flow and provides road safety benefits.



B714 Upgrade & Realignment

The upgrading of the B714 has been approved as part of a successful North Ayrshire Council funding bid to the UK Government's Levelling Up Fund. The B714 links the trunk road network from the A78 Sharphill Roundabout (Three Towns Bypass) to the A737, south of Dalry. It is a vital link for road users travelling to the West Coast and ferry links to Arran and Cumbrae.

North Ayrshire Council Local Transport and Active Travel Strategy



The upgrade of the B714 will significantly improve connectivity between North Ayrshire and Glasgow, the Central Belt and wider motorway network. This will substantially increase the potential for tourism and economic development and provide enhanced links to the Arran and Cumbrae Ferry services. The improved alignment of the road and removal of bends will also provide road safety benefits.

It will contribute to the repopulation of our islands and rural areas by providing improved access between the ferry terminals, mainland settlements, Glasgow, the central belt and wider motorway network.

This will ensure that those living in our rural, remote and island communities are well connected and have equitable access to services as those living in the rest of Scotland. It will also divert a significant volume of traffic accessing the

A78 away from Kilwinning as traffic will connect directly to the A78 via the new upgraded B714.

Once completed, the B714 Upgrade scheme will comprise over 6.5km of new single carriageway and adjacent segregated 3m wide active travel provision.

Timber Transport Improvements

NAC has secured funding through the Strategic Timber Transport Fund to improve several roads on Arran which are associated with the transport of timber. This includes Ross Road, Sannox Road, Machrie Moor Road and the A841. The improvements undertaken include road widening, passing places, road strengthening and re-surfacing works. These improvements are aimed at reducing the impact of timber transport on residents and visitors to Arran.

Network Condition

NAC is responsible for 874km of roads and 1,015km of footways and footpaths. The condition of the network is managed through NAC's Road Assessment Management Plan (RAMP). The RAMP sets out the Council's approach to the management and maintenance of its road assets.

The overall condition of the network is measured by the Road Condition Index (RCI), produced from the annual Scottish Road Maintenance Condition Survey. This Statutory Performance Indicator is the percentage of the road network that should be considered for maintenance treatment. A decrease in the reported RCI indicates an improvement in

road condition. As shown below, North Ayrshire has an improved overall RCI but is above the Scottish average over the period (the lower the figures, the better the RCI is).

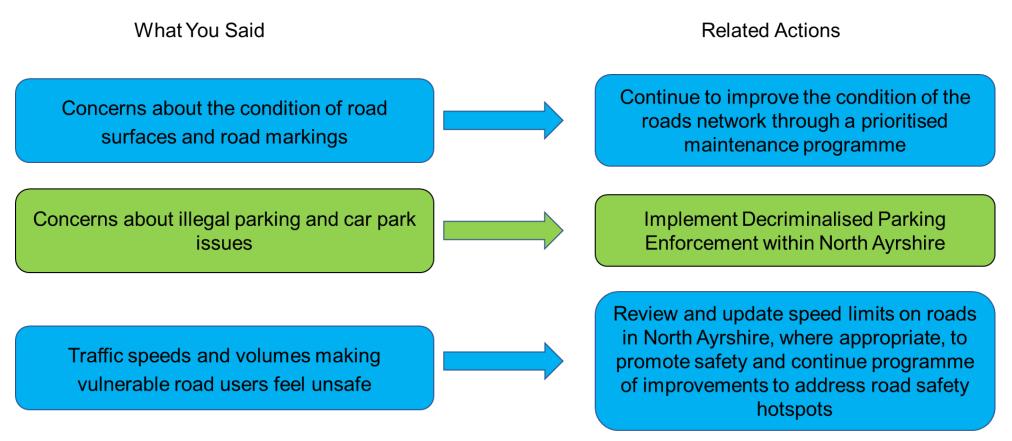
RCI Comparison to Scottish average							
Measure	2015- 17	2016- 18	2017- 19	2018- 20	2019- 21	2020- 22	2021- 23
North Ayrshire	38.3	39.1	38.1	37.3	37.1	33.9	34.8
Scottish average	36.4	36.7	36.3	35.8	35.5	34.2	33.6
Comparison to Scottish average	+1.9%	+2.4%	+1.8%	+1.5%	+1.6%	-0.3%	+1.2%



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Key Issues and Actions for the Road Network

The key issues identified through our research and engagement with members of the public and key stakeholder groups, as well as the main actions to address them are summarised as follows. A full set of actions for the road network can be found in the Delivery Plan in Chapter 9.





8 Carbon Reduction

Overview

Reflecting the importance of reducing carbon emissions from transport and its significant potential contribution to NAC's net zero carbon target, this chapter outlines the key issues, opportunities and actions to support carbon reduction.

The National Transport Strategy 2 details the Sustainable Travel Hierarchy where walking, wheeling, cycling, public transport and shared transport options are prioritised over single occupancy private car use. Sustainable freight transport is also promoted for the movement of goods, particularly the shift from road to rail.

The national
Sustainable
Investment Hierarchy
outlines that, when
designing the
transport system,
options that focus on
reducing inequalities
and the need to travel



sustainably should be prioritised.

NAC has stated its commitment to achieving net zero carbon emissions by 2030 in the Environmental Sustainability and Climate Change Strategy (2021-2023)²³ and acknowledges that rapid and far-reaching actions are required to achieve this.

The net zero carbon target is reflected in this LTATS which identifies ways in which changing travel and transport behaviour can contribute to reducing carbon emissions in North Ayrshire.

Reducing emissions associated with transport and travel is not only about meeting future targets to protect the environment, it also offers benefits to local air quality which is vital for our health and quality of life.

Travel behaviour change takes sustained effort over the longterm. It relies on providing sustainable alternatives to the car that are practical and easy to use.

The key carbon reduction challenges are to:

- Reduce vehicle trips and distance travelled by cars
- Encourage a modal shift to walking, cycling, wheeling and public transport from the car for short trips
- Support a higher proportion of low carbon vehicles in NAC's fleet, bus and community transport fleets, delivery vehicles and private vehicles.

²³ Environmental Sustainability Climate Change Strategy

 Promote greener, cleaner travel choices such as walking, wheeling and cycling

Key Achievements

Several actions have already been successfully implemented by NAC to support low carbon travel behaviours.

Electric Vehicles

The Council's first Electric Vehicle (EV) Strategy 2021-25²⁴ sets out a vision to increase the number of EVs being used throughout North Ayrshire by creating a robust network of EV charge points. Growth in EV ownership has been steadily growing from only 42 EVs registered in North Ayrshire in 2015, to 217 EVs by the end of 2020.

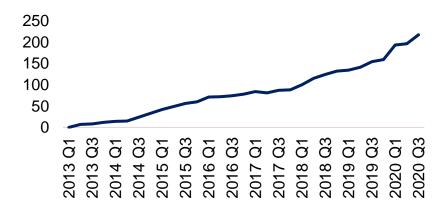


Figure 8-1 Plug-In Vehicles in North Ayrshire (Source – Department of Transport Stats VEH0131)

By December 2025, the Council's aspirational target is to have:

- One publicly accessible charge point for every nine plug-in vehicles
- 2% of total number of vehicles registered in North Ayrshire to be plug-in vehicles
- 80 workplace charge sockets.

EV Charging

NAC launched a consultation exercise in Spring 2022 to gather feedback on the needs of people and businesses based in North Ayrshire with regards to electric vehicle charging infrastructure. The feedback will be used to



support a business case for future funding for charging points. The existing network of publicly accessible EV chargers is shown in Figure 9-2.

²⁴ Electric Vehicle Strategy

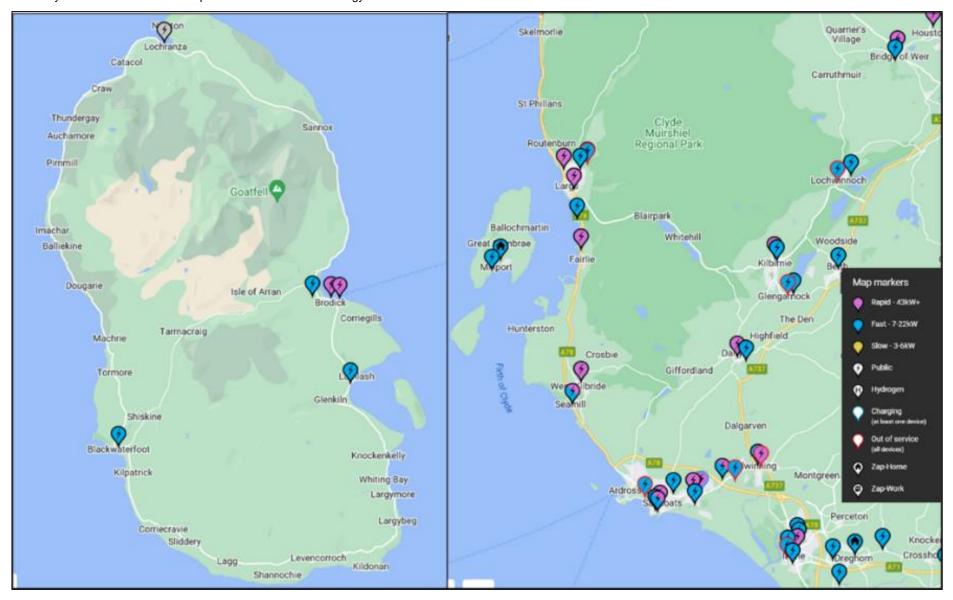


Figure 8-2 EV Charging Points in North Ayrshire (Source - Zap-Map)

Electric Buses

Stagecoach and Shuttle Buses secured funding through the Scottish Zero Emission Bus Challenge Fund (ScotZEB) to help bring fully electric buses into their fleets serving North Ayrshire. 39 of these will be for Stagecoach services, and 5 will be for Shuttle Buses' services. ²⁵

NAC's Vehicle Fleet

The Council established a car club scheme to reduce business miles travelled and associated emissions. The scheme, as of 2020, had 1,000



members accessing electric and low emission vehicles at various locations across the area. In 2019/20, 275,868 miles were travelled using this initiative.

Further grant funding was received during 2019/20 from the Switched-on Fleet initiative, allowing for three additional electric cars and five vans to be leased to further increase the electric vehicle fleet to 19.

School Initiatives

Targeting young people and their parents to change behaviour by walking, cycling and wheeling more often to school is essential for both carbon emissions reduction and living a more active, healthier life. The following initiatives have been introduced in schools:

- iCycle School cycle proficiency scheme run since 2013. During the Covid-19 pandemic, all primary schools were offered iCycle
- 'Go On Get Out There' scheme grant offering £500 per school for projects that support active travel
- Installation of cycle and scooter racks in schools
- Play on Pedals this is a training scheme provided by Cycling Scotland, starting on balance bikes, and aimed at teaching pre-school children the basics about bike parts, cycle control, how to fit a helmet correctly, and the basics of looking after their bikes. Nurseries and early years centres in North Ayrshire who have suitably trained Play on Pedals instructors receive a bank of bikes from Cycling Scotland.

Workplace Initiatives

A variety of initiatives have been introduced to encourage NAC employees to change their travel behaviour.

²⁵ScotZEB Electric Buses

E-bikes have been loaned to more than 60 staff within the last 12 months at various workplaces for a two-week trial to encourage them to cycle more and be more active.

The **Cycle to Work Scheme** is available to employees and there have been almost 200 participants in the scheme to date.

Participant Quote - "I sold my car and plan to use the bike / public transport as my main methods of transport. This is a more sustainable way of getting about and is much cheaper than travelling by car."

NAC promotes a workplace **StepCount challenge** twice a year to encourage active travel, improved health and carbon reduction for workplace travel. The June 2022 challenge involved 199 participants (a 73% increase compared with the October 2021 challenge) across 40 teams, with a total distance of over 32,000 miles covered.

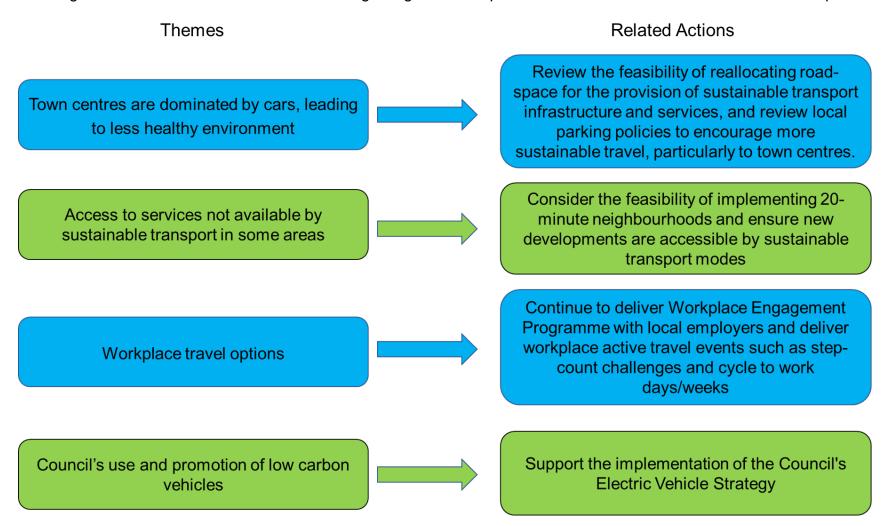
Participant quote - "The challenge really motivated me to get moving and I do intend to keep it up."

Throughout the COVID pandemic the Travel Smart team within NAC **provided an electric bike** to an employee within Ayrshire Independent Living Network, who wanted to ensure

the safety or her client by not putting her health at risk by using public transport throughout the pandemic. Providing this employee with an electric bike supported her throughout the pandemic removing the need for a 10-mile round walking trip.

Key Actions for Carbon Reduction

The key actions for carbon reduction are shown below, organised under four key themes. The themes are derived from the key challenges for carbon reduction set out at the beginning of this chapter. The full set of actions can be found in Chapter 9.



9 Delivery Plan

Overview

This chapter sets out the Delivery Plan for the LTATS.

The proposed actions were assessed to ensure that they contributed to at least one of the LTATS objectives. The deliverability of each action was also considered.

Objective Title	Details
Access to Employment and Services	Improve accessibility, availability and safety of the transport system, ensuring everyone can access town centres, jobs, education, healthcare and other everyday needs
Reduce Emissions	Reduce carbon emissions caused by transport in North Ayrshire
Active Travel and Communities	Encourage and enable physical activity and improved health and wellbeing in the communities through active travel Active Travel Strategy Objectives: Deliver a well-connected and accessible active travel network Facilitate an increase in the proportion of all journeys made by walking, wheeling and cycling
	Improve the reliability, accessibility, safety, personal security, and integration of public transport services
Confidence in Public Transport	Improve the reliability, accessibility, safety, personal security, and integration of public transport services
Transport Network Condition	Improve the condition of the existing roads and active travel network

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The Plan outlines the proposed actions, which objective(s) it meets and the indicative delivery timescales:

- Ongoing = continuation of existing work
- Short = 1 to 2 years
- Medium = 2 to 5 years
- Long = 5+ years

Partnership Working

Delivery of the actions will, in many cases, require continued and ongoing partnership working with national, regional and local partners, including the main transport operators serving North Ayrshire. NAC is committed to collaborating with relevant partners and forums to achieve this. The action plan identifies the key delivery partners for each action, where applicable.

Funding

NAC has been successful in securing external funding to deliver many projects identified in the previous LTS and will continue to seek funding to support the actions in this Delivery Plan through existing or new funding sources.

The Council works closely with partners such as Transport Scotland, SPT, Paths for All, the Strategic Timber Transport Scheme and Sustrans to secure funding for the delivery of transport projects.

Active Travel

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Carry out feasibility and technical design to develop strategic active travel corridors across the 6 localities.	•	~	*			Long
Deliver infrastructure improvements on strategic active travel corridors	~	>	>		>	Ongoing
Continue to work with Sustrans to further develop, improve and grow the National Cycle Network	~	>	~			Ongoing
Improve local active travel links to key trip attractors and transport interchanges	•	>	•		>	Medium
Improve active travel connections to and through North Ayrshire's greenspaces			•			Medium
Continue to work with partners to develop walking, cycling and wheeling opportunities throughout NAC	•	>	•			Ongoing
Continue to work with community partners to assist in delivery of behaviour change projects through direct support, partnership working and grant funding (Community Outdoor Access Grants Scheme)		>	•			Ongoing
Continue to create quality active travel mapping, videos and digital resources for all localities		~	•			Ongoing
Continue to grow our workplace engagement programme to provide advice and support to encourage active travel		•	•			Ongoing

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Improve active travel access to schools through improved routes and continue to expand cycle training at primary and nursery school level	•	•	•			Medium
Undertake an audit of the existing active travel network to identify priorities for improvements					>	Short
Continue and expand programme of maintenance for existing active travel routes			•		*	Ongoing
Expand and improve facilities for active travel such as cycle parking, rest stops and bike maintenance stations			•		*	Short
Continue to improve accessibility to active travel routes for all abilities access, including equestrian users			•		*	Ongoing
Continue to grow and expand behaviour change programme, including events, through Trinity Active Travel Hub		•	•			Ongoing

Public Transport

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Continue to engage with SPT and operators to provide a coherent bus network both within North Ayrshire and regionally	•		•	~		Ongoing
Support communities to improve and deliver community transport	~		•	>		Medium
Support SPT to develop a Level of Service Framework for the region, which aims to maintain and improve lifeline transport services for islands, rural and remote areas	•		•	•		Long
Continue to engage with SPT and operators to enhance provision and access to public transport information	•			>		Ongoing
Support initiatives to improve real and perceived safety and security of public transport services.	~			>		Ongoing
Continue to engage with Transport Scotland to prioritise the reliability and resilience of ferry services	•			>		Ongoing
Continue to work with rail operators and Transport Scotland to ensure that North Ayrshire continues to be served by a frequent and reliable rail network	•	•	•	~		Ongoing
Continue to work collaboratively with operators to improve integration between public transport modes	•	•	•	>		Ongoing

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Promote free bus travel for concessionary travel and people under 22 years old	~	~		~		Short
Work with operators, SPT and Transport Scotland to make public transport ticketing more flexible, affordable and integrated		•		•		Medium
Explore the options for bus service operating models through the new powers granted under the Transport (Scotland) 2019 Act to ensure that our communities are well connected and not disadvantaged due to a lack of sufficient public transport	•			•		Short
Work with partners to investigate the potential to establish a Bus Service Improvement Partnership (BSIP)				•		Medium
Deliver the Ardrossan Harbour improvement and transport interchange works and cement Ardrossan's position as the 'Gateway to the Islands' hub	•			•	•	Medium
Work with operators, SPT and Transport Scotland to improve public transport accessibility to key employment areas and regional facilities (including local healthcare facilities & hospitals) for all North Ayrshire residents	•			•		Medium

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		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Continue to improve the accessibility of and information provision at bus stops, including the provision of shelters where appropriate				•	•	Ongoing

Road Network

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Investigate reducing speed limits on urban roads/streets and implement 20mph speed limits in residential areas and streets throughout North Ayrshire			•		>	Medium
Consider introducing appropriate speed limits on rural roads throughout North Ayrshire			•		~	Medium
Continue to reduce the impact of traffic on communities and reduce casualties through reviewing road safety hotspots and identify a programme of improvements			•	>		Ongoing
Continue to improve the condition of the roads network through a prioritised maintenance programme	*				<	Ongoing
Continue to seek funding for rural road widening and strengthening improvements to facilitate timber and goods transport, and bus services	>				>	Ongoing
Work with partners to improve road connections between North Ayrshire and the greater Glasgow conurbation	\				<	Medium
Upgrade the B714 to improve connectivity between North Ayrshire and Glasgow, the Central Belt and wider motorway network, providing enhanced links to the Arran and Cumbrae Ferry services.	>				>	Medium

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Support the implementation of Scotland's Road Safety Framework to 2030.			~		>	Ongoing
Improve road connections within North Ayrshire, for example the A841 between Brodick and Lochranza and the A760 between Largs and the A737	•				>	Long
Continue to engage with Transport Scotland to deliver improvements on the trunk road network	>				*	Ongoing
Reduce the environmental impact of road construction works		>			>	Ongoing
Implement Decriminalised Parking Enforcement within North Ayrshire			~			Short

Carbon Reduction / Travel Demand Management

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Assess the feasibility of reallocating road space for the provision of sustainable transport infrastructure and services, in line with the sustainable travel hierarchy.		•	•			Ongoing
Identify and implement travel demand management measures which are required to achieve the national 20% car km reduction route map.		•	•			Long
Review and update North Ayrshire Council Town Centre Car Parking Strategy	•	•	•			Short
Continue to support schools in developing and implementing travel plans	~	~	~			Ongoing
Update and implement the Council's Staff Travel Plan, including continuing to reduce the need for staff to travel for work		•	•		>	Short
Continue to deliver Workplace Engagement Programme with local employers		>	>			Ongoing
Ensure that new developments are accessible by sustainable transport modes	•	•	•		>	Ongoing
Consider the feasibility of implementing 20-minute neighbourhoods		~	•		>	Long

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Continue and expand the Council's staff e-bike loan scheme		~	~			Ongoing
Promote the benefits of active travel for work, leisure and other journey types through the media and social media		~	•			Ongoing
Continue to deliver workplace active travel events and activities such as StepCount challenge and cycle to work days/weeks		~	•			Ongoing
Consider the feasibility of supporting community car clubs, including electric cars	~	>				Short

General / Multi-Modal

		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Promote North Ayrshire's priorities within national and regional strategies, including STPR processes	•	•	•	>	>	Ongoing
Work with partners to deliver North Ayrshire's Island Connectivity Study	•	✓	•	~	>	Medium
Work with island stakeholders and partners to deliver transport actions within the Arran and Cumbrae Island Plan annual action plans	•	~	•	>	>	Short
Support the implementation of the Council's Electric Vehicle Strategy	•	~				Medium
Consider the feasibility of introducing Mobility Hubs	~	✓	~	>	\	Long
Continue cross-boundary collaboration with other local authorities to improve regional transport routes and services	•	•	•	>	>	Ongoing
Support the implementation of the Environmental Sustainability and Climate Change Strategy		•				Ongoing
Work with SPT and the Ayrshire Road Alliance to implement the Ayrshire Freight Strategy Action Plan		•			>	Ongoing
Support initiatives to improve freight access to ports and harbours in North Ayrshire in collaboration with users and operators	•				~	Medium

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		Fit V				
Action	Access to Employment & Services	Reduce Emissions	Active Travel and Communities	Confidence in Public Transport	Transport Network Condition	Timescales
Work with the Timber Transport Forum to improve timber transport in North Ayrshire					~	Ongoing

10Monitoring and Evaluation

Monitoring

The Delivery Plan will be monitored annually throughout the lifetime of the strategy to establish progress made towards achieving the objectives, targets and delivery plan actions, ensuring that the LTATS remains relevant and on-track for delivery.

Outcomes and Indicators

In order to monitor the progress of the LTATS, a number of outcomes have been identified, along with indicators which will be used to measure progress against the outcomes. Data for the indicators will come from a range of national, regional and local datasets. While the Scottish Census 2022 has not been listed as a data source because its results have not yet been published, outputs from the Census will be considered when they are published.

The proposed outcomes and indicators for the LTATS are shown on the following page.

Outcomes	Indicators	Source
Increase the number of people choosing to walk, cycle and wheel in North Ayrshire	 Proportion of short everyday journeys by walking and cycling Proportion of journeys to school by walking, cycling and wheeling Use of existing active travel routes 	 Scottish Household Survey School Hands Up Survey People counters on active travel routes
Increase in high quality walking, cycling and wheeling infrastructure is available to all	Length of additional or improved walking and cycling facilities	North Ayrshire Council
Reduction in carbon emissions	CO2 emissions estimates from road transport	 UK local authority and regional greenhouse gas emissions published by Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA)
		 NAC's Baseline Emissions Inventory
Reduction in car kms	Average journey distance	Scottish Household Survey
Improved road condition	 Road condition compared to the Scottish local authority average. 	Road Condition Indicators (via Roads Asset Management Plan)
Improved public transport satisfaction	Proportion of adults who are satisfied with local public transport	Scottish Household Survey
	transportSatisfaction of rail passengers with services	 National Rail Passenger Survey (NRPS)
	Satisfaction of bus passengers with services	Annual Bus Passenger Survey

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